

# Minutes of 2014 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of Far Eastern Department Stores

**Date:** Friday, 20 June 2014 **Time:** 9:00 a.m. Taipei time

Place: Auditorium in the Taipei Hero House

No. 20, Changsha Street, Section 1, Taipei, Taiwan

# **Shareholders present:**

Number of shareholders and shareholder representatives (including e-voting) present: 708 persons.

Total shares (including e-voting) represented by shareholders present: 959,646,905 shares, which was 68.403% of total number of outstanding shares 1,402,929,985 shares.

Attendee Directors: Douglas T. Hsu, Nancy Hsu, Alex Ro, Jin Lin Lian, Attendee Independent Directors: Edward Yung Do Way, You Hsin Chien

Attendee Supervisors: Charles Wang, Phiby Chen.

**Invited observers:** 

Certified Public Accountant: Shih Ching-Pin Attorney: Yang Xiao-Bang and Li Chin-Shu

Chairman: Douglas T. Hsu, Chairman of the Board of Directors

Recorder: Frank Jou

The aggregate shareholding of the shareholders present constituted a quorum. The Chairman called the meeting to order.

The speech of Chairman (omitted)

The speech of invited observers (none)

# I. Matters to be Reported:

- 1. 2013 Messages to shareholders (please refer to P.4-P.11 of handbook for 2014 AGM)
- 2. Financial report of 2013 (please refer to P.12-P.24 of handbook for 2014 AGM)
- 3. Supervisors' audit report on 2013 business report and financial statements (please refer to P.25 of handbook for 2014 AGM)
- 4. Report of the change in measurement after recognition of investment property at a fair value model (please refer to P.26 of handbook for 2014 AGM)
- 5. Report of the amendment of the Company's "Best Practice Principles of Ethical Corporate Management" (please refer to P.27 of handbook for 2014 AGM)

### RESOLVED, that the above proposals were approved for reference.

# II. Matters to be Approved:

# 1. To accept the 2013 financial statements.

The Board of Directors proposes and recommends that each shareholder votes FOR the acceptance of 2013 business report and financial statements.

### **Explanatory Notes:**

- (1) FEDS's 2013 financial report, including balance sheet, income statement, statement of changes in shareholders' equity, and statement of cash flows, has been audited by independent auditors, Mr. Shih Ching-Pin and Mr. Cho, Ming Hsing of Deloitte & Touche (please refer to P.12-P.24), and has been examined by and determined to be correct and accurate by Supervisors of FEDS. We thereby submit this report.
- (2) The 2013 business report, independent auditors' audit report, and the above-mentioned financial statements are attached within "Matters to be reported".
- (3) Please approve the above-mentioned business report and financial statements.

### Resolution:

The number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the time of voting (including e-voting) was 959,646,905.

### The result of voting is as follows:

number of votes (including e-voting)			% of vote shareholder	s represent s present	ed by the
For	Withheld	Non-Votes	For	Withheld	Non-Votes
798,205,723	52,360	161,388,822	83.2%	0%	16.8%

RESOLVED, that the above proposals be and hereby were approved as proposed.

# 2. To approve the proposal for the distribution of 2013 surplus earning.

The Board of Directors proposes and recommends that each shareholder votes FOR the distribution of 2013 surplus earning.

# **Explanatory Notes:**

(1) All the closing transactions as of December 31, 2013 have been completely closed, and have been audited by the accounting firm, Deloitte and Touche. We thereby submit the proposal for distribution of 2013 profits:

1. Unappropriated earnings of January 1, 2013	N.T\$ 986,263,298
2.The adjustments of retained earnings in	
accordance with the adoption of IFRSs	1,267,848,252
3. Special reserve in accordance with the adoption of	( 843,304,963)
IFRSs 4.Unappropriated earnings after adjustments of January 1, 2013 (=1+2-3)	1,410,806,587
5.The adjustments of retained earnings for by using equity method	(5,426,934)
6. Other comprehensive income	( <u>5,610,761</u> )
7.Unappropriated earnings after adjustments (=4-5-6)	1,399,768,892
8. Net Income for the year ended December 31, 2013	2,165,564,093
9.10% legal reserve (8*10%)	(216,556,409)
10 Distributable net profit (=7+8-9)	3,348,776,576

(2) The earnings available for distribution are allocated as the following:

1. Dividend (60%)	N.T\$1,228,914,637
2. Cash bonus to shareholders (33%)	657,903,051
3. Total Distribution	1,904,817,688
Note: To distribute employee bonus of NT\$ 81,927,642 and compensation of directors and supervisors of	

(3) Undistributed earnings after distribution

NT\$61,445,732.

N.T\$ 1,443,958,888

(4) The major items of the Distribution of 2013 Dividend:

1. Cash dividends to holders of common share

(NT\$ 1.15 per share) N.T\$ 1,622,622,478

2. Stock dividends to holders of common share

(NT\$ 0.20 per share at par value) 282,195,210

3. Total amount of 1.35 per share 1,904,817,688

- (5) The distribution of 2013 dividends composes of 2013 surplus earning in priority, and the undistributed profit from 1998 to 2012 in case 2013 surplus earning are insufficient to cover 2013 dividends, and then the undistributed profit before 1998 in case the surplus earning from 1998 to 2012 are insufficient to cover 2013 dividends.
- (6) After being approved at the annual General Shareholders' meeting (2014), the cash dividends to holders of common share will be distributed on the record date to be determined by the Board of Directors. Should FEDS subsequently repurchase its common shares or issue new common shares according to Article 28-2 of the ROC Securities and Exchange Law and other relevant regulations, the total numbers of common shares outstanding may change, and the ultimate cash and stock to be distributed to each common share may need to be adjusted accordingly. It is proposed that the Board of Directors of FEDS be authorized to adjust the cash and stock to be distributed to each common share based on the total amount of profits resolved to be distributed, the amount of earnings resolved to be capitalized, and the number of actual common shares outstanding on the record date for distribution.
- (7) Please approve the above-mentioned proposal for the distribution of 2013 profits.

#### Resolution:

The number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the time of voting (including e-voting) was 959,646,905.

#### The result of voting is as follows:

number of votes (including e-voting)			% of vote shareholder	s represent s present	ed by the
For	Withheld	Non-Votes	For	Withheld	Non-Votes
801,016,065	79,356	158,551,484	83.5%	0%	16.5%

# RESOLVED, that the above proposals be and hereby were approved as proposed.

# **III. Discussion**

# 1. Proposal to amend the certain provisions of the Company's "Articles of Incorporation".

The Board of Directors proposes and recommends that each shareholder votes FOR the amendments of certain provisions of the Company's "Articles of Incorporation".

Please vote.

Board of Directors proposes:

# **Explanatory Notes:**

- (1) Because of business need, it's proposed that the registered location of the Company, "from 2F. to 7F. and 10F., No.27, Baoqing Rd., Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei City 100, Taiwan (R.O.C.)", will be relocated to "18F., No.16, Xinzhan Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City 220, Taiwan (R.O.C.)". In response to the amendment of the Company's location, it is proposed to amend Article 5 of the Company's "Articles of Incorporation".
- (2) Pursuant to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and pursuant to the rule issued by Financial Supervisory Commission (official letter No. FSC-Fa-10200531121) on 31 December 2013, the Company shall establish an audit committee in lieu of a supervisor in a year in which expires the term of the directors and supervisors of a company. It is proposed to add Article 17-1 of the Company's "Articles of Incorporation".
- (3) The amended or added provisions are shown in the attached comparison table.
- (4) Please approve the proposed resolutions.

#### **Resolution:**

The number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the time of voting (including e-voting) was 959,646,905.

#### The result of voting is as follows:

number of votes (including e-voting)			% of vote shareholder	s represent s present	ed by the
For	Withheld	Non-Votes	For	Withheld	Non-Votes
784,132,426	67,934	175,446,545	81.7%	0%	18.3%

RESOLVED, that the above proposals be and hereby were approved as proposed.

Section	Proposed Changes	Current Articles
Article 5	The Company is incorporated in New Taipei City, the Republic of China; the Board of Directors may by resolution approve the establishment of domestic and international branches where it deems necessary.	The Company is incorporated in Taipei, the Republic of China; the Board of Directors may by resolution approve the establishment of domestic and international branches where it deems necessary.
Article 17-1	Pursuant to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act, the Company will establish an Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall make up of the entire number of independent directors, is responsible of executing powers relegated to supervisors by the Company Act, Securities and Exchange Act and other laws and regulations. The Supervisors will cease to function and be ipso facto dismissed on the date of instituting of the Audit Committee.	
	The organizing members, exercise of powers and other matters to be abided by the Audit Committee shall follow related laws, regulations or rules or regulation of the Company. The organization regulations of the Audit Committee shall be adopted by the Board of Director.	
Article 30	These Articles of Incorporation were drafted on August 2, 1967, and came into effect following its approval by a resolution of the General Shareholders' Meeting and the competent authorities. Amendments shall take effect following their approval at the Shareholders' Meetings.	These Articles of Incorporation were drafted on August 2, 1967, and came into effect following its approval by a resolution of the General Shareholders' Meeting and the competent authorities. Amendments shall take effect following their approval at the Shareholders' Meetings.
	Forty-fourth amendment of June 20, 2014	Forty-third amendment of June 20, 2013

Note \*In case of any discrepancy between this English translation and the Chinese text of this document, the Chinese text shall prevail.

# 2. To approve the capitalization of 2013 stock dividends.

The Board of Directors proposes and recommends that each shareholder votes FOR the capital increase of 2013 stock dividends.

Please vote.

Board of Directors proposes:

### **Explanatory Notes:**

- (1) For the purpose of improving the financial structure, it is proposed that FEDS's paid-in capital be increased by capitalizing the stock dividends to common shareholders of NT\$ 282,195,210. A total number of 28,219,521 common shares, at par value of NT\$ 10 each share, shall be issued for such capital increase.
- (2) After being approved at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting and accepted by the regulatory authority in charge, the new shares will be distributed on a record date to be determined by the Board of Directors. Each common share holder will be entitled to receive a stock dividend of 20 common shares for each 1,000 common shares held by such shareholders. If the stock dividends include any fractional shares which are less than one full share, in accordance with Article 204 of the Company Law, the distribution will be made in the form of cash rounded to the nearest dollar amount calculated at par value. Such fractional shares will be purchased by Far Eastern Recreation Center Employee's Welfare Committee of FEDS. The new issued common shares should have the right to enjoy dividends of 2014 and the same rights & obligation as the previous issued common shares.
- (3) Should FEDS subsequently repurchase its common shares or issue new common shares according to Article 28-2 of the ROC Securities and Exchange Law regulations of conversion of bonds and other relevant regulations, the total numbers of common shares outstanding may change, and the ultimate stock to be distributed to each common share may need to be adjusted accordingly. It is proposed that the Board of Directors of FEDS be authorized to adjust the cash and stock to be distributed to each common share based on the total amount of profits resolved to be distributed, the amount of earnings resolved to be capitalized, and the number of actual common shares outstanding on the record date for distribution.
- (4) Please approve the proposal for the capitalization of 2012 stock dividends.

#### Resolution:

The number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the time of voting (including e-voting) was 959,646,905.

# The result of voting is as follows:

number of votes (including e-voting)			% of vote shareholder	s represent s present	ed by the
For	Withheld	Non-Votes	For	Withheld	Non-Votes
800,977,715	129,713	158,539,477	83.5%	0%	16.5%

RESOLVED, that the above proposals be and hereby were approved as proposed.

3. Proposal to amend the certain provisions of the Company's "Rules of Procedures of Stockholders Meeting".

The Board of Directors proposes and recommends that each shareholder votes FOR the amendments of certain provisions of the Company's "Rules of Procedures of Stockholders Meeting".

Please vote.

Board of Directors proposes:

# **Explanatory Notes:**

- (1) To enhance the efficiency of Shareholders' meeting and protect the rights and interests of shareholders, Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation announced an official letter TSEC-Sun-No. 1020003468 dated on 27, Feb. 2013, and amended some Articles of "Sample Template for XXX Co. Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings" for the smooth progress of Shareholders' meeting and decrease of disputes.
- (2) To enhance the corporate governance system and protect the rights and interests of shareholders, it is proposed to amend Article 2 and Article 21 of the Company's "Rules of Procedures of Stockholders Meeting". The amended provisions are shown in the attached comparison table.
- (3) Please approve the proposed resolutions.

#### Resolution:

The number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the time of voting (including e-voting) was 959,646,905.

The result of voting is as follows:

number of votes (including e-voting)			% of vote shareholder	s represent s present	ed by the
For	Withheld	Non-Votes	For	Withheld	Non-Votes
784,125,332	87,170	175,434,403	81.7%	0%	18.3%

# RESOLVED, that the above proposals be and hereby were approved as proposed.

Section	Proposed Changes	Current Articles
Article 2	The location for stockholders' meeting shall be the Company's place of business or a place convenient for attendance by stockholders (or by proxies) that is suitable to holding of this meeting. The meeting shall be held between 9:00AM and 3:00PM.	The location for stockholders' meeting shall be the Company's place of business or a place convenient for attendance by stockholders (or by proxies) that is suitable to holding of this meeting. The meeting shall be held between 9:00AM and 3:00PM.  The stockholders (or proxies) when attending the meeting shall wear admission badge and hand in signed attendance form.
	This Corporation shall specify in its shareholders meeting notices the time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention. The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel assigned to handle the registrations.	

The Company at a stockholders' meeting shall adopt the electronic transmission as one of the methods for exercising the voting power. The method for exercising the voting power shall be described in the shareholders' meeting notice to be given to the shareholders. shareholder who exercises his/her/its voting power at a shareholders meeting way of electronic bν transmission shall be deemed to have attended the said shareholders' meeting in person, but shall be deemed to have waived his/her/its voting power in respective of any extemporary motion(s) and/or the amendment(s) and /or substitute to contents the of original proposal(s) at the said shareholders' meeting.

Shareholders (or by proxies) shall attend shareholders meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification. The stockholders (or proxies) when attending the meeting shall wear admission badge and hand in signed attendance form.

The attendance to a shareholders' meeting shall be determined subject to shares. The present shares shall be calculated based on the

The Company at a stockholders' meeting shall adopt the electronic transmission as one of the methods for exercising the voting power. The method for exercising the voting power shall be described in the shareholders' meeting notice to be given the shareholders. to shareholder who exercises his/her/its voting power at a shareholders meeting by way of electronic transmission shall be deemed to have attended the said shareholders' meeting in person, but shall be deemed to have waived his/her/its voting power in respective of any extemporary motion(s) and/or the amendment(s) and /or substitute to the contents of the original proposal(s) at the said shareholders' meeting.

The attendance to a shareholders' meeting shall be determined subject to shares. The present shares shall be calculated based on the

attendance cards as furnished, in addition to the shares exercising voting right in electronic form.

The Company may appoint lawyers, accountants or related personnel to attend the stockholders' meeting.

The personnel in charge of handling the affairs of the meeting shall wear identification badge or armband.

For а stockholders' meeting convened by the board of directors, the chairman of the board of directors shall preside at the meeting. If the chairman of the board of directors is on leave or unable to exert the rights, the vice-chairman of the board of directors shall preside instead. If the position of vice-chairman is vacant or the vice-chairman is on leave or unable to exert the rights the chairman of the board of directors shall designate a director to preside at the meeting. If no director is so designated, the chairman of the meeting shall be elected by the board of directors from among themselves. When a director serves as chair, the director shall be one who has held that position for six months or more and who understands the financial and business conditions of the company. The same shall be true for a representative of a juristic person director that serves as chair. For a

attendance cards as furnished, in addition to the shares exercising voting right in electronic form.

The Company may appoint lawyers, accountants or related personnel to attend the stockholders' meeting.

The personnel in charge of handling the affairs of the meeting shall wear identification badge or armband.

For а stockholders' meeting convened by the board of directors, the chairman of the board of directors shall preside at the meeting. If the chairman of the board of directors is on leave or unable to exert the rights, the vice-chairman of the board of directors shall preside instead. If the position of vice-chairman is vacant or the vice-chairman is on leave or unable to exert the rights the chairman of the board of directors shall designate a director to preside at the meeting. If no director is so designated, the chairman of the meeting shall be elected by the board of directors from among themselves. For a stockholders' meeting convened by any other person having the convening right, he/she shall act as the chairman of that meeting; if there are two or more persons having the convening right, the chairman of the meeting shall be elected from among themselves.

stockholders' meeting convened by any other person having the convening right, he/she shall act as the chairman of that meeting; if there are two or more persons having the convening right, the chairman of the meeting shall be elected from among themselves.

The complete processes of the meeting shall be recorded by voice and video recorders and all the records shall be kept by the Company for a minimum period of at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

The complete processes of the meeting shall be recorded by voice or video recorders and all the records shall be kept by the Company for a minimum period of at least one year.

# Article 11

regards to the resolution of proposals, unless otherwise provided for in the relevant law and regulation Company's articles of incorporation, resolution shall be passed by a majority of the voting rights represented bν the stockholders (or proxies) attending the meeting.

If the shareholder object the proposal(s), the resolution of proposal(s) should been put to vote. The Chairman can decide that the resolution of proposal(s) should been put to vote one by one, or the resolution of proposals including the proposal to re-elect the directors and supervisors should been put to vote

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lf the object shareholder the resolution proposal(s), the of proposal(s) should been put to vote. The Chairman can decide that the resolution of proposal(s) should been put to vote one by one, or the resolution of proposals including the proposal to re-elect the directors and supervisors should been put to vote several times or one time with counting of votes by each proposal

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the shareholder object the proposal(s), the resolution of proposal(s) should been put to vote. The Chairman can decide that the resolution of proposal(s) should been put to vote one by one, or the resolution of proposals including the proposal to re-elect the directors and supervisors should been put to vote several times or one time with counting of votes by each proposal.

If there are amendments or substitute proposals for the same proposal, the sequence of which to be put to vote shall be decided by the chairperson. If one of the two proposals has been approved, the other proposal shall be deemed rejected without requirement to put it to vote.

If there are amendments or substitute proposals for the same proposal, the sequence of which to be put to vote shall be decided by the chairperson. If one of the two proposals has been approved, the other proposal shall be deemed rejected without requirement to put it to vote.

The results of voting <u>and election</u> shall be <u>announced</u> on the spot <u>after</u> the vote counting and <u>be</u> kept for records.

The results of voting shall be <u>reported</u> on the spot and <u>kept for records</u>.

Note \*In case of any discrepancy between this English translation and the Chinese text of this document, the Chinese text shall prevail.

# 4. Proposal to amend the certain provisions of the "Procedures for Acquisition and Disposition of Assets".

The Board of Directors proposes and recommends that each shareholder votes FOR the amendments of certain provisions of the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition and

Please vote.

Board of Directors proposes:

# **Explanatory Notes:**

- (1) It is proposed to amend Article 2, Article 3, Article 5, Article 6, Article 7, Article 8, Article 9, Article 10, and Article 12 of the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition and Disposition of Assets" pursuant to the official letter FSC-Fa-No. 1020053073 dated December 30, 2013 announced by Financial Supervisory Commission. The amended provisions are shown in the attached comparison table.
- (2) Please approve the proposed resolutions.

#### Resolution:

The number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the time of voting (including e-voting) was 959,646,905.

# The result of voting is as follows:

number of votes (including e-voting)			% of vote shareholder	s represent s present	ed by the
For	Withheld	Non-Votes	For	Withheld	Non-Votes
784,144,196	66,164	175,436,545	81.7%	0%	18.3%

# RESOLVED, that the above proposals be and hereby were approved as proposed.

Section	Proposed Changes	Current Articles
Article2	The term "Assets" used in these	The term "Assets" used in these
	Procedures includes the following:	Procedures includes the following:
	1) Securities: Investments in stocks,	1) Securities: Investments in stocks,
	government bonds, corporate	government bonds, corporate
	bonds, financial bonds, securities	bonds, financial bonds, securities
	representing interest in a find,	representing interest in a find,
	depository receipts, call(put)	depository receipts, call(put)
	warrants, beneficial interest	warrants, beneficial interest
	securities, and asset-backed	securities, and asset-backed
	securities.	securities.

- Real <u>property</u> (including land, houses and buildings, investment real property, easement) and equipment;
- 2)Real property and other fixed assets;

3) Memberships;

- Memberships;
- 4) Patents, copyrights, trademarks, franchise right and other intangible assets:
- 4) Patents, copyrights, trademarks, franchise right and other intangible assets:

5) Derivatives;

- 5) Derivatives;
- Assets acquired or disposed of in connection with mergers, demergers, acquisition or transfer of shares in accordance with acts of law;
- 6) Assets acquired or disposed of in connection with mergers, demergers, acquisition or transfer of shares in accordance with acts of law:

7) Other major assets.

7) Other major assets.

# Article3 Definitions in these Procedures:

Definitions in these Procedures:

- 1) "Derivatives": Forward contracts, option futures contracts. contracts, leverage contracts, and swap contracts and compound contracts combining the above products whose value is derived from assets, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, indexes or other interests. The "forward term contracts" does not include insurance contracts, performance after-sales contracts. service contracts, long-term leasing contracts, or long-term purchase (sales) agreements.
- 1) "Derivatives": Forward contracts, option futures contracts. contracts, leverage contracts, and swap contracts and compound contracts combining the above products whose value is derived from assets, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, indexes or other interests. The term "forward contracts" does include not insurance contracts, performance after-sales contracts. service long-term leasing contracts, contracts, or long-term purchase (sales) agreements.
- "Assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers,
- 2) "Assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers,

acquisitions or transfer of shares in accordance with act of law": Refers to assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers or acquisitions conducted under the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institution Merger Act and other acts, or to transfer of shares [from another company] through issuance of new shares of its own as the consideration therefore (hereinafter "transfer of shares") under Article 156. paragraph 6 of the Company Act.

3) "Related party <u>or subsidiary</u> <u>company": As defined in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.</u>

- 4) "Professional appraiser": Refers to a real property appraiser or other person duly authorized by an act of law to engage in the value appraisal of real property or equipment;
- 5) "Date of occurrence": Refers to

- acquisitions or transfer of shares in accordance with act of law": Refers to assets acquired or disposed through mergers, acquisitions demergers or conducted under the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institution Merger Act and other acts, or to transfer of shares [from another company] through issuance of new shares of its own as the consideration therefore (hereinafter "transfer of shares") under Article 156. paragraph 6 of the Company Act.
- 3) "Related party": As defined in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS")

  No. 6 published by ROC Accounting Research and Development Foundation (hereinafter "ARDF").
- 4) "Subsidiary": As defined in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS")

  No. 5 and 7 published by the ARDF;
- 5) "Professional appraiser": Refers to a real property appraiser or other person duly authorized by an act of law to engage in the value appraisal of real property or other fixed assets;
- <u>6)</u> "Date of occurrence": Refers to the date of contract signing, date

the date of contract signing, date of payment, date of consignment trade, date of transfer, dates of boards of directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterpart and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier; provided, for investment for which approval of the Authorities Competent is required, the earlier of the above date or the date of receipt of approval by the Competent Authorities shall apply;

"Mainland area investment": 6) Refers to investments in China approved by the Ministry of **Affairs** Economic Investment Commission or conducted accordance with the provisions of the Regulations Governing Permission for Investment or Technical Cooperation in the Mainland Area.

of payment, date of consignment trade, date of transfer, dates of boards of directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterpart and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier; provided, for investment which approval of Competent Authorities is required, the earlier of the above date or the date of receipt of approval by the Competent Authorities shall apply;

7) "Mainland investment": area Refers to investments in China approved by the Ministry **Economic** Affairs Investment Commission or conducted in accordance with the provisions of Regulations Governing the Permission for Investment Technical Cooperation in the Mainland Area.

#### Article5

The Company's total investment in securities shall not exceed one hundred and fifty per cent (150%) of its shareholders' equity reflected in the financial latest reports: furthermore individual securities in which it may invest shall not exceed sixty per cent (60%)shareholders' equity reflected in the financial latest reports, and investments in non-operational real property and equipment shall not exceed fifty per cent (50%) of its shareholders' equity reflected in the The Company's total investment in securities shall not exceed one hundred and fifty per cent (150%) of its shareholders' equity reflected in the financial latest reports: furthermore individual securities in which it may invest shall not exceed (60%)per cent shareholders' equity reflected in the latest financial reports, and investments in non-operational real property and other fixed assets shall not exceed fifty per cent (50%) of its shareholders' equity reflected in the latest financial reports.

Total equity investments by the Company and its subsidiaries shall not exceed one hundred and fifty per cent (150%) of its shareholders' equity reflected in the latest financial reports. The operational regulations of the Taiwan Securities Exchange Co., Ltd. and other relevant laws and regulations shall govern the calculation of percentages referred to herein.

The latest financial report referred to herein shall be the Company's financial statements duly audited or reviewed by certified public accountants prior to its acquisition or disposition of assets.

Article6

Acquisition or Disposition of Securities

- 1) Evaluation process
  - a) For investments in securities, the Finance Department or other relevant units shall undertake the relevant financial analysis and projection of potential returns as well as evaluation of potential investment risks in relation to the said investment.
  - b) Investments by the Company in securities traded on centralized exchange markets or over the counter markets shall be decided by the

latest financial reports.

Total equity investments by the Company and its subsidiaries shall not exceed one hundred and fifty per cent (150%) of its shareholders' equity reflected in the latest financial reports. The operational regulations of the Taiwan Securities Exchange Co., Ltd. and other relevant laws and regulations shall govern the calculation of percentages referred to herein.

The latest financial report referred to herein shall be the Company's financial statements duly audited or reviewed by certified public accountants prior to its acquisition or disposition of assets.

Acquisition or Disposition of Securities

- 1) Evaluation process
  - a) For investments in securities, the Finance Department or other relevant units shall undertake the relevant financial analysis and projection of potential returns as well as evaluation of potential investment risks in relation to the said investment.
  - b) Investments by the Company in securities traded on centralized exchange markets or over the counter markets shall be decided by the

responsible unit in accordance the prevailing market with conditions; investments by the Company in securities not centralized traded on exchange markets or over the counter markets shall require the latest audited or reviewed financial reports of the target company as reference for the evaluation of transaction price, taking into consideration the net asset value per share, profitability and future potential, etc.

# 2) Experts' opinions

a) The Company acquiring or disposing of securities shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event. first obtain financial statements of the issuing company for the most recent period, certified reviewed by a certified public accountant, for reference in appraising the transaction price, and if the dollar amount of the transaction is twenty per cent (20%) of the Company's NT\$300 paid-in capital or million or more, the Company shall also engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction price. If the CPA needs to use the report of an

responsible unit in accordance the prevailing market with conditions; investments by the Company in securities not traded on centralized exchange markets or over the counter markets shall require the latest audited or reviewed financial reports of the target company as reference for the evaluation of transaction price, taking into consideration the net asset value per share, profitability and future potential, etc.

# 2) Experts' opinions

a) The Company acquiring or disposing of securities shall, prior to the date of occurrence first obtain of the event. financial statements of the issuing company for the most recent period, certified reviewed by a certified public accountant, for reference in transaction appraising the price, and if the dollar amount of the transaction is twenty per cent (20%) of the Company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the Company shall also engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction price. If the CPA needs to use the report of an

expert as evidence, the CPA shall do so in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 by the ROC published Accounting Research and Development Foundation (ARDF). This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted price of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of Competent Authorities.

- b) Where assets are acquired or disposed by way of judicial auctions, documentary proof furnished by the courts may replace valuation reports or accountants' opinions.
- 3)Process in determining authorized investment limit and responsible units

Prior to the Company acquiring or disposing securities, the Finance Department shall firstly submit the Board of Directors the relevant information for approval before undertaking the said transaction. Where the urgency of the matter does not permit prior approval, the General Manager (or any person so authorized by the General Manager) shall have the authority to approve/disapprove investments which amount is below NT\$ 10 million; the Chairman (or any person so authorized by the Chairman) shall expert as evidence, the CPA shall do so in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF. This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted price of securities that have an active market. or where otherwise provided bν regulations of Competent Authorities.

- b) Where assets are acquired or disposed by way of judicial auctions, documentary proof furnished by the courts may replace valuation reports or accountants' opinions.
- 3)Process in determining authorized investment limit and responsible units

Prior to the Company acquiring or disposing securities, the Finance Department shall firstly submit the Board of Directors the relevant information for approval before undertaking the said transaction. Where the urgency of the matter does not permit prior approval, the General Manager (or any person so authorized by the General Manager) shall have the authority to approve/disapprove investments which amount is below NT\$ 10 million; the Chairman (or any person so authorized by the Chairman) shall have the authority to approve/disapprove investments which amount is in excess of NT\$ 10 million. In any case, the said transactions shall be submitted to the immediate following meeting of the Board of Directors for ratification.

have the authority to approve/disapprove investments which amount is in excess of NT\$ 10 million. In any case, the said transactions shall be submitted to the immediate following meeting of the Board of Directors for ratification.

#### Article7

Acquisition or disposition of real property or <u>equipment</u>

Acquisition or disposition of real property or other fixed assets

- 1) Evaluation process
- a) For investments in real property and equipment, the Accounting Department or other relevant units shall undertake the projection of potential returns as well as evaluation of potential investment risks in relation to the said investment based on the current operation and financial conditions and future development plan.
- b) The proposed acquisition disposition of real property shall require analysis reports taking reference their to current value, appraised published values and transactions prices for neighboring real properties, etc., along with suggested transaction conditions and prices.
- c) The proposed acquisition or disposition of <u>equipment</u> shall carry out by way of any of the following: price inquiry; price

# 1) Evaluation process

- investments a) For in real property and fixed assets, the Accounting Department or relevant other units shall undertake the projection of potential returns as well as of evaluation potential investment risks in relation to the said investment based on current operation financial conditions and future development plan.
- b) The proposed acquisition or disposition of real property shall require analysis reports taking reference to their current published value, appraised values and transactions prices for neighboring real properties, etc., along with suggested transaction conditions and prices.
- c) The proposed acquisition or disposition of <u>other fixed assets</u> shall carry out by way of any of the following: price inquiry; price comparison; negotiated

comparison; negotiated prices or tender.

Valuation reports for real property or <u>equipment</u>

In the case of real property or equipment acquired or disposed by the Company other than as a result of transactions with the government, entrusted construction on the Company's property, entrusted own construction on land leased by the Company, or acquisition or disposition of equipment and facilities for business operation purposes, where their transaction value is the amount equivalent to twenty per cent (20%) of the Company's paid-in capital or NT\$ 300 million or above. the Company shall firstly require professional appraiser prior to the date of occurrence of the event to furnish their valuation report (which report shall specify the matters set out in Appendix from the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal Assets by Public Companies); furthermore. the following provisions shall be complied with:

a)Where due to special circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the

prices or tender.

2) Valuation reports for real property or other fixed assets

In the case of real property or other fixed assets acquired or disposed by the Company other than as a result of transactions with the government, entrusted construction on the Company's own property, entrusted construction on land leased by the Company, or acquisition or disposition of equipment and facilities for business operation purposes, where their transaction value is the amount equivalent to twenty per cent (20%) of the Company's paid-in capital or NT\$ 300 million or above. the Company shall firstly require professional appraiser prior to the date of occurrence of the event to furnish their valuation report (which report shall specify the matters set out in Appendix from the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal Assets by Public Companies); furthermore. the following provisions shall be complied with:

a)Where due to special circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the transaction shall be submitted

transaction shall be submitted for approval in advance by the Board of Directors, and the same procedure shall be followed for any future changes to the terms and conditions of the transaction.

- b) Where the transaction amount is NT\$ 1 billion or more, two (2) or more professional appraiser shall be engaged to provide their appraisals.
- c) Where the appraisal prices from professional appraiser come under one of the following, unless all the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, accountants shall be engaged to handle the matter pursuant to the provisions of Auditing Standards No. 20 ARDF: promulgated by furthermore the said accountants shall be required to provide their opinions in respect of the reasons for such discrepancy and the fairness of the transaction price:
  - i) The appraisal results differ from the transaction amount by twenty per cent (20%) or greater;

- for approval in advance by the Board of Directors, and the same procedure shall be followed for any future changes to the terms and conditions of the transaction.
- b) Where the transaction amount is NT\$ 1 billion or more, two (2) or more professional appraiser shall be engaged to provide their appraisals.
- c) Where the appraisal prices professional from appraiser come under one of the the following, unless all appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, accountants shall be engaged to handle the matter pursuant to the provisions of Auditing Standards No. 20 ARDF: promulgated by furthermore the said accountants shall be required to provide their opinions in respect of the reasons for such discrepancy and the fairness of the transaction price:
  - i) The appraisal results differ from the transaction amount by twenty per cent (20%) or greater;

- ii) The difference between the appraisal result provided by two or more professional appraisers and the transaction price is ten per cent (10%) or greater.
- d) A professional appraiser shall not be dated beyond three (3) months prior to the date of the contract; however where an appropriate value published during the same period but not exceeding six (6) months, the original professional appraiser may issue its opinion in respect of the said value.
  - e) Where real property or other fixed assets are acquired or disposed by way of judicial auctions, documentary proof furnished by the courts may replace appraisal reports or accountants' opinions.
- 3)Process in determining authorized investment limit and responsible units

Prior to the Company acquiring or disposing real property or equipment, the Accounting Department shall firstly submit the Board of Directors the relevant information for approval before undertaking the said transaction. Where the urgency of the matter does not permit prior approval, the General Manager (or any

- ii) The difference between the appraisal result provided by two or more professional appraisers and the transaction price is ten per cent (10%) or greater.
- d) A professional appraiser shall not be dated beyond three (3) months prior to the date of the contract; however where an appropriate value published during the same period but not exceeding six (6) months, the original professional appraiser may issue its opinion in respect of the said value.
- e) Where real property or other fixed assets are acquired or disposed by way of judicial auctions, documentary proof furnished by the courts may replace appraisal reports or accountants' opinions.
- 3)Process in determining authorized investment limit and responsible units

Prior to the Company acquiring or disposing real property or other fixed assets, the Accounting Department shall firstly submit the Board of Directors the relevant information for approval before undertaking the said transaction. Where the urgency of the matter does not permit prior approval, the General Manager (or any

person so authorized by the General Manager) shall have the authority to approve/disapprove investments which amount NT\$ 10 million; below the Chairman (or any person SO authorized by the Chairman) shall the have authority approve/disapprove investments which amount is in excess of NT\$ 10 million. In any case, the said transactions shall be submitted to the immediate following meeting of the Board of Directors for ratification.

person so authorized by the General Manager) shall have the authority to approve/disapprove investments which amount is NT\$ 10 million; below the Chairman (or any person so authorized by the Chairman) shall have the authority approve/disapprove investments which amount is in excess of NT\$ 10 million. In any case, the said transactions shall be submitted to the immediate following meeting of the Board of Directors for ratification.

#### Article8 Related Parties Transaction

1) When a public company engages in any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party, in addition to ensuring that the necessary resolutions are adopted and the reasonableness of the transaction terms is appraised, if the transaction amount reaches 10 percent more the or company's total assets. the company shall also obtain an appraisal report from а professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in compliance with the provisions of this Article. deciding whether the other party to the transaction is a related party, in addition to the forms as provided by law, the Company shall also consider the substantive relationship.

#### **Related Parties Transaction**

1) When a public company engages in any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party, in addition to ensuring that the necessary resolutions are adopted and the reasonableness of the transaction terms is appraised, if the transaction amount reaches percent or more the company's total assets. the company shall also obtain an appraisal report from а professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in compliance with the provisions of this Article. deciding whether the other party to the transaction is a related party, in addition to the forms as provided by law, the Company shall also consider the substantive relationship.

# 2) Evaluation and Procedures

The Company intends to acquire or dispose of real property from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets. or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements etc., or subscription or redemption domestic money market funds, the company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make a payment until the following matters have been approved by the board of directors recognized by the supervisors:

- a) The purpose, necessity and anticipated benefit of the acquisition or disposal of the asset.
- b) Reasons for transacting with related parties;
- c) With respect to the acquisition of real property from a related party, information relating to the appraisal of the fairness of the proposed transaction conditions pursuant to items 3)
   a) and d) herein;

# 2) Evaluation and Procedures

The Company intends to acquire or dispose of real property from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets. or NT\$300 million or more, company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make а payment until the following matters have been approved by the board of directors and recognized the by supervisors:

- a) The purpose, necessity and anticipated benefit of the acquisition or disposal of the asset.
- b) Reasons for transacting with related parties;
- c) With respect to the acquisition of real property from a related party, information relating to the appraisal of the fairness of the proposed transaction conditions pursuant to items 3) a) and d) herein;

- d) Date and price of acquisition by the related party, party to the transaction and relationship between the said party and the Company and related party;
- e) Forecast of monthly cash income within one (1) year from the date of the contract; furthermore evaluation shall be conducted in respect of the necessity of the transaction and the fairness of the use of fund; and
- f) An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion obtained in compliance with the Article 8, paragraph 1 herein
- g) Restrictions on this transaction and other key contractual issues.

Where the position of independent director has been created by the Company, when a matter is submitted for discussion by the board of directors pursuant to the preceding paragraph, the board of directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. If an independent director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.

- d) Date and price of acquisition by the related party, party to the transaction and relationship between the said party and the Company and related party;
- e) Forecast of monthly cash income within one (1) year from the date of the contract; furthermore evaluation shall be conducted in respect of the necessity of the transaction and the fairness of the use of fund; and
- f) An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion obtained in compliance with the Article 8, paragraph 1 herein
- g)Restrictions on this transaction and other key contractual issues.

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- 3)Evaluation of the Fairness of Transaction Costs
  - a) In the case of the Company obtaining real property from related parties, it shall evaluate the fairness of the transaction costs in the following manner:
    - i) Addition to the related party's transaction price the necessary interest on funding and the costs to be borne by the purchaser. "Necessary interest funding" shall be calculated by the weighted average interest rate over the period during which the asset is purchased on the of amount monev borrowed by the Company in its purchase of the said asset, subject to it being not higher than the interest maximum rate charged by non-financial institutions as published by the Ministry of Finance.
    - ii) In the case of related party having previously pledged the subject matter with financial institutions, the total appraised value for the subject matter by the said financial institution for the purposes of the

- 3)Evaluation of the Fairness of Transaction Costs
  - a) In the case of the Company obtaining real property from related parties, it shall evaluate the fairness of the transaction costs in the following manner:
    - i) Addition to the related party's transaction price the necessary interest on funding and the costs to be borne by the purchaser. "Necessary interest funding" shall be calculated by the weighted average interest rate over the period during which the asset is purchased on the amount of monev borrowed by the Company in its purchase of the said asset, subject to it being higher than the not maximum interest rate charged by non-financial institutions as published by the Ministry of Finance.
    - ii) In the case of related party having previously pledged the subject matter with financial institutions, the total appraised value for the subject matter by the said financial institution for

extension of the loan shall be used, subject to the total cumulative amount of loans by the said financial institution not being lesser than seventy per cent (70%) of the appraised value such subject matter and that the loan period was for a period of one (1) year or more. The aforesaid shall not apply where the said financial institution and the party to transaction the are themselves related parties.

- b)Where land and structures thereupon are combined as a single property purchased in one transaction, the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the means listed in the preceding paragraph.
- c) In the case of the Company acquiring real property from related parties, in addition to the appraisal of the costs of the said real property in the manner provided above, the Company shall furthermore engage accountants to review and provide their opinions in respect of the same.
- d) Under any one of the following

the purposes of the extension of the loan shall be used, subject to the total cumulative amount of loans by the said financial institution not being lesser than seventy per cent (70%) of the appraised value of such subject matter and that the loan period was for a period of one (1) year or more. The aforesaid shall not apply where the said financial institution and the party to the transaction are themselves related parties.

- b)Where land and structures thereupon are combined as a single property purchased in one transaction, the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the means listed in the preceding paragraph.
- c) In the case of the Company acquiring real property from related parties, in addition to the appraisal of the costs of the said real property in the manner provided above, the Company shall furthermore engage accountants to review and provide their opinions in respect of the same.

- circumstances in which the acquires real Company property from related parties, it need only undertake items 2) 1) and herein: the evaluation of fairness of transaction cost as provided for in items a), b) and c) hereunder shall not apply:
- i) The related party having obtained the real property by way of inheritance or gift;
- ii) The time lapse between the related party's contract for acquisition of the real property and this transaction exceeds five(5) years; or
- iii) The real property is acquired
  through signing of a joint
  development contract with the
  related party, or through
  engaging a related party to
  build real property, either on
  the company's own land or on
  rented land.
- e) Where the evaluated results pursuant to items a) and b) hereinabove are lower than the transaction price, the Company shall follow items f) and g) hereunder; however, under one of the following situations, with the objective evidence, professional appraisal for the real property and the

- d) Under any one of the following circumstances in which the Company acquires real property from related parties, it need only undertake items 1) and 2) herein; the evaluation of fairness of transaction cost as provided for in items a), b) and c) hereunder shall not apply:
  - i) The related party having obtained the real property by way of inheritance or gift;
  - ii) The time lapse between the related party's contract for acquisition of the real property and this transaction exceeds five(5) years; or
  - iii)The Company obtaining the real property by way of joint development contract entered with the related party.
- e) Where the evaluated results pursuant to items a) and b) hereinabove are lower than the transaction price, the Company shall follow items f) and g) hereunder; however, under one of the following situations, with the objective evidence, professional appraisal for the real property and the

accountants' opinion of the fairness of the transaction being provided, the aforesaid shall not apply:

- i) The related party having undertaken construction on undeveloped land or rental land, may offer evidence in respect of its conformity to one the following conditions:
  - A. The undeveloped land being valued in the methods provided and the hereinabove, buildings being valued by adding reasonable development profits to their construction costs, and the total amount exceeding the actual transaction price. "Reasonable development profits" herein shall comprise of the average gross profit margin of the related party's construction department within the last three (3) years, or the latest gross profit for margin the construction industry published by the Ministry of Finance. whichever is the lower;
  - B. Successful transactions

accountants' opinion of the fairness of the transaction being provided, the aforesaid shall not apply:

- i) The related party having undertaken construction on undeveloped land or rental land, may offer evidence in respect of its conformity to one the following conditions:
  - A. The undeveloped land being valued in the methods provided and the hereinabove, buildings being valued by adding reasonable development profits to their construction costs, and the total amount exceeding the actual transaction price. "Reasonable development profits" herein shall comprise of the average gross profit margin of the related party's construction department within the last three (3) years, or the latest gross profit margin for the construction industry published by the Ministry of Finance. whichever is the lower;
  - B. Successful transactions

- by non-related parties involving other floors of the same subject matter or of the neighboring areas within the past one (1) year, with comparable areas, and their transaction conditions being comparable to those of transactions with evaluations of acceptable price difference between floor levels or areas accordance with the practice for sale and of purchase real property.
- C. Successful rental cases by non-related parties involving other floors of the subject matter within the past one (1) year and with non-related parties, their conditions being comparable to of rental those agreements in which there are estimates of acceptable difference between floor levels in accordance with the practice for rental of real property.
- ii) The Company providing evidence that the transaction conditions of its

- by non-related parties involving other floors of the same subject matter or of the neighboring areas within the past one (1) year, with comparable areas, and transaction conditions being comparable to those of transactions with evaluations of acceptable price difference between floor levels or areas in accordance with the practice for sale and of purchase real property.
- C. Successful rental cases by non-related parties involving other floors of the subject matter within the past one (1) year and with non-related parties, their conditions being comparable of rental those agreements in which there are estimates of acceptable difference between floor levels in accordance with the practice for rental of real property.
- ii) The Company providing evidence that the transaction conditions of its

purchase of real property from related party are comparable with those successful cases within the neighboring areas within the past one (1) year and between non-related parties and with approximately similar space. "Successful cases within the neighboring areas" shall in principle include those in the same or adjacent street and within a radius of five hundred (500) meters of the subject matter or where their published current values are approximately similar. similar "Approximately in space" shall principle include the spaces of those transacted cases between non-related parties that are not less than fifty per cent (50%) of that of the subject matter.

- f) Where the appraisal results pursuant to the preceding items are all lower than the transaction price, the Company shall undertake the following:
  - i) With respect to the difference between the transaction price for the real property and the evaluated costs, set aside special profit/loss reserve, in compliance with Article 41(1) of the

purchase of real property from related party are comparable with those successful cases within the neighboring areas within the past one (1) year and between non-related parties and with approximately similar space. "Successful cases within the neighboring areas" shall in principle include those in the same or adjacent street and within a radius of five hundred (500) meters of the subject matter or where their published current values are approximately similar. "Approximately similar shall in principle space" include the spaces of those transacted cases between non-related parties that are not less than fifty per cent (50%) of that of the subject matter.

- f) Where the appraisal results pursuant to the preceding items are all lower than the transaction price, the Company shall undertake the following:
  - i) With respect to the difference between the transaction price for the real property and the evaluated costs, set aside special profit/loss reserve, in compliance with Article 41(1) of the

Securities and Exchange Law, which shall not be distributed or allocated in the form of stock dividends. Where investors of the Company that adopt the equity accounting in respect of their investments in the Company are public companies, the investor shall set aside special profit/loss reserve for the amount according to their respective shareholding;

- ii) The Supervisors shall undertake measures in compliance with Article 218 of the Company Law;
- iii) The Shareholders' Meeting shall be informed of measures under items i) and ii) hereinabove, with details of the transaction to be disclosed in the Company's annual report or prospectus.
- g) Where the Company has set aside a special reserves under preceding paragraph may not utilize the special reserve until it has recognized a loss on decline in market value of the assets it purchased premium, or they have been disposed of, or adequate compensation had been made, or status quo ante has been restored, or there is other

Securities and Exchange Law, which shall not be distributed or allocated in the form of stock dividends. Where investors of the Company that adopt the equity accounting in respect of their investments in the public Company are companies, the investor shall set aside special profit/loss reserve for the amount according to their respective shareholding;

- ii) The Supervisors shall undertake measures in compliance with Article 218 of the Company Law;
- iii) The Shareholders' Meeting shall be informed of measures under items i) and ii) hereinabove, with details of the transaction to be disclosed in the Company's annual report or prospectus.
- g) Where the Company has set aside a special reserves under preceding paragraph may not utilize the special reserve until it has recognized a loss on decline in market value of the assets it purchased premium, or they have been of, disposed or adequate compensation had been made, or status quo ante has been restored, or there is other

- evidence confirming that there was nothing unreasonable about the transaction, and FSC has given its consent.
- h) When the Company obtains real property from a related party, it shall also comply with the provisions of the preceding paragraph (f) and (g) if there is other evidence indicating that the acquisition was not an arm's-length transaction.
- The deciding procedure and the units responsible for implementation about the degree of authority delegated,

Prior to the acquisition or disposal of business-use machinery and equipment between the Company and its subsidiaries, the Accounting Department shall firstly submit the Board of Directors the relevant information for approval before undertaking the said transaction. The Chairman shall have the authority to approve/disapprove investments which amount is below NT\$ 300 million. In any case, the said transactions shall be submitted to the immediate following meeting of the Board of Directors for ratification.

5) With respect to the regulations of 10 percent of total assets, the

- evidence confirming that there was nothing unreasonable about the transaction, and FSC has given its consent.
- h) When the Company obtains real property from a related party, it shall also comply with the provisions of the preceding paragraph (f) and (g) if there is other evidence indicating that the acquisition was not an arm's-length transaction.
- The deciding procedure and the units responsible for implementation about the degree of authority delegated,

Prior to the acquisition or disposal of business-use machinery and equipment between the Company and its subsidiaries, the Accounting Department shall firstly submit the Board of Directors the relevant information for approval before undertaking the said transaction. The Chairman shall have the authority to approve/disapprove investments which amount is below NT\$ 300 million. In any case, the said transactions shall be submitted to the immediate following meeting of the Board of Directors for ratification.

calculation is based upon total assets stated in the most recent parent company only financial report or individual financial report prepared under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

#### Article9

Acquisition of Club Membership or Intangible Assets

- 1) Evaluation and Process
  - a) Acquisition or disposition of club memberships shall be by way of suggestions in respect of transaction conditions and prices. taking into consideration fair market price, and compiled into analysis report. Where the transaction is NT\$ 3 million or below, the said analysis report shall the General submitted to Manager for approval before submitting to the Board of Directors at the immediate following meeting for review. Where the transaction is above NT\$ 3 million, the approval of the Board of Directors shall be required before proceeding with the same.
  - b) Acquisition or disposition of intangible assets shall be by way of suggestions in respect of transaction conditions and prices, taking into consideration expert's

Acquisition of Club Membership or Intangible Assets

- 1) Evaluation and Process
  - a) Acquisition or disposition of club memberships shall be by way of suggestions in respect of transaction conditions and prices. taking into consideration fair market price, and compiled into analysis report. Where the transaction is NT\$ 3 million or below, the said analysis report shall the General submitted to Manager for approval before submitting to the Board of Directors at the immediate following meeting for review. Where the transaction is above NT\$ 3 million, the approval of the Board of Directors shall be required before proceeding with the same.
  - b) Acquisition or disposition of intangible assets shall be by way of suggestions in respect of transaction conditions and prices, taking into consideration expert's

valuation report or fair market and compiled into price. analysis reports. Where the transaction is NT\$ 3 million or below, the said analysis report shall be submitted to the General Manager for approval before submitting to the Board of Directors at the immediate following meeting for review. Where the transaction is above NT\$ 3 million, the approval of the Board of Directors shall be required before proceeding with the same.

valuation report or fair market price, and compiled into analysis reports for approval by the Board of Directors before proceeding with the same.

- Expert's Valuation Report on Club Membership or Intangible Assets
  - a) Expert's valuation report shall be required in the case of acquisition or disposition of intangible assets.
- b) Where the transaction amount for acquisition or disposition of club membership or intangible assets exceeds twenty per cent (20%) of the Company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million, except in transaction with <u>government</u> agency, accountants shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, be engaged to provide an opinion with respect to fairness of the transaction price; said accountants the undertake the same in conformity with Auditing Standards No. 20 promulgated by the ARDF.

- 2) Expert's Valuation Report on Club Membership or Intangible Assets
  - a) Expert's valuation report shall be required in the case of acquisition or disposition of intangible assets.
  - b) Where the transaction amount for acquisition or disposition of club membership or intangible assets exceeds twenty per cent (20%) of the Company's NT\$300 paid-in capital or million, accountants shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, be engaged to provide an opinion with respect to the fairness of the transaction price; the said accountants shall undertake the same in conformity with Auditing Standards No. 20 promulgated by the ARDF.

- c) Where the club membership or intangible assets are acquired or disposed by way of judicial auctions, documentary proof furnished by the courts may replace valuation reports or accountants' opinions.
- 3) Implementation

The Company may only proceed with the acquisition or disposition of club membership or intangible Accounting the assets after Department has submitted its application for approval in accordance with item 1) hereunder.

- Article10 Acquisition or Disposition of Derivative Products
  - Principles and Policies for Transactions
    - a) Types of transaction
    - i) Derivative products the Company is permitted to undertake shall be those contracts as defined in Article 3 1) hereinabove.
    - ii) "For transactional purposes" herein shall refer to the holding or producing of derivative products the purpose of which is to earn the difference in transaction prices of the products, including transaction

- c) Where the club membership or intangible assets are acquired or disposed by way of judicial auctions, documentary proof furnished by the courts may replace valuation reports or accountants' opinions.
- 3) Implementation

The Company may only proceed with the acquisition or disposition of club membership or intangible assets after the Accounting Department has submitted its application for approval in accordance with item 1) hereunder.

Acquisition or Disposition of Derivative Products

- Principles and Policies for Transactions
  - a) Types of transaction
  - i) Derivative products the Company is permitted to undertake shall be those contracts as defined in Article 3 1) hereinabove.
  - ii) "For transactional purposes" herein shall refer to the holding or producing of derivative products the purpose of which is to earn the difference in transaction prices of the products, including transaction

activities in which profits or loss are measured and realized in the current period by way of fair value. "For non-transactional purposes" herein shall refer to those transactions for reasons other than those provided above.

- b)Operational or Hedging Strategy
- i) "For transactional purposes":
   The operation strategy shall be one of nimbleness and flexibility.
- ii)"For non-transactional purposes": The hedging strategy shall be one of prudence and caution.
- c) Duties and Responsibilities
- i) Execution of transaction contracts and relevant documents: By the Chairman or a person so appointed by him as representative of the Company.
- ii) Execution of transaction and profit/loss evaluation:
  - A. The Procurement
    Department shall be
    responsible for contracts
    involved goods related to
    raw materials; the Finance
    Department shall be
    responsible for contracts
    relating to finance.

activities in which profits or loss are measured and realized in the current period by way of fair value. "For non-transactional purposes" herein shall refer to those transactions for reasons other than those provided above.

- b)Operational or Hedging Strategy
- i) "For transactional purposes":
   The operation strategy shall be one of nimbleness and flexibility.
- ii)"For non-transactional purposes": The hedging strategy shall be one of prudence and caution.
- c) Duties and Responsibilities
- i) Execution of transaction contracts and relevant documents: By the Chairman or a person so appointed by him as representative of the Company.
- ii) Execution of transaction and profit/loss evaluation:
  - A. The Procurement
    Department shall be responsible for contracts involved goods related to raw materials; the Finance Department shall be responsible for contracts relating to finance.

- B. Account opening, transaction, confirmation, settlement: Director of the relevant department to decide or authorize.
- C. Production of transaction invoice and slip, application for funding to be undertaken by traders and approved bν supervisors at various levels before forwarding the same to Finance. Accounting and Audit Departments.
- D. Designated staff at all relevant departments shall be responsible for profit/loss evaluation; evaluation forms shall be forwarded to the director of Audit Department.
- iii) Accounting: The Accounting
  Department shall formulate
  record slips and enter into
  accounts based on the
  various receipts, and shall
  complete the relevant
  accounting reports according
  to the accounting cycles.
- iv) Audit: The Audit Department shall conduct regular and ad hoc audit based on the internal audit system.

- B. Account opening, transaction, confirmation, settlement: Director of the relevant department to decide or authorize.
- C. Production of transaction invoice and slip, application for funding to be undertaken by traders and approved by supervisors at various levels before forwarding the same to Finance. Accounting and Audit Departments.
- D. Designated staff at all relevant departments shall be responsible for profit/loss evaluation; evaluation forms shall be forwarded to the director of Audit Department.
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  record slips and enter into
  accounts based on the
  various receipts, and shall
  complete the relevant
  accounting reports according
  to the accounting cycles.
- iv) Audit: The Audit Department shall conduct regular and ad hoc audit based on the internal audit system.

- v) Legal: Legal counsel shall be responsible for review of transaction contracts.
- vi) Unless otherwise provided, only the administrator or those ranking above may implement the transaction for derivative products.
- d) Performance appraisal The benchmark for performance appraisal shall be the year-end net profit or loss.
- e)Total contract amount and authorized limit
  - i) "For transactional purposes": The total contract amount for any single subject matter at any one time shall not exceed ten per cent (10%) of the Company's net asset value for the preceding year; subject to the amount being less than one per cent (1%) of the net asset value, the General Manager shall be authorized to decide on their own, followed by their report to the immediate following Board of Directors meeting for report. For amounts exceeding one per cent (1%) of net asset value, the approval of the Board of Directors shall be required before proceeding with the contract.

- v) Legal: Legal counsel shall be responsible for review of transaction contracts.
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ii)"For non-transactional purposes": Limited to the existing and expected assets or liabilities of transactions; the General Manager shall be authorized to decide on their own, followed by their report to the immediate following Board of Directors meeting for review.

#### f) Limit on losses

- i)"For transaction purposes": No pre-set limit on individual contracts: however the limits shall apply to those contracts of the same subject matter, and the limits for total contractual loss are formulated according to different tools:
  - A. Forward contracts or futures: five per cent (5%) of average cots;
  - B. Options: Where the Company is the purchaser, the limit for purchasing price shall be five per cent (5%) of the total contract amount. Where the Company is the seller, the limit shall be the sale price plus five per cent (5%) of the total contract

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amount.

- C. Swaps or other composite tools: The amount of loss shall not exceed five per cent (5%) of the total contract amount.
- ii)"For non-transactional purposes": The upper limit of losses of individual contract is less than 25% of that contract notional amount. The upper limit of losses of all the contracts is less than 25% of total notional amount of all contracts.
- 2) Risk Management Measures:
  - a) Counterparty's credit risk –
     Counterparties shall be financial institutions of good credit standing;
  - b) Market risk in which prices turnaround – in accordance with 1) f) herein.
  - c) Liquidity risk of products There shall be at least two (2) financial institutions in the market and at the same time offering two-way pricing for products, before transaction are permitted.
  - d) Cash-flow risk There shall be periodic disclosures of fair

amount.

- C. Swaps or other composite tools: The amount of loss shall not exceed five per cent (5%) of the total contract amount.
- ii) "For non-transactional purposes": No limit is required as losses/profits shall have been mutually offset from the hedged positions.

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  - a) Counterparty's credit risk –
     Counterparties shall be financial institutions of good credit standing;
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  - d) Cash-flow risk There shall be periodic disclosures of fair

- market prices for financial products undertaken, for appropriate disclosure of projected cash flow volume from the financial product.
- e) Internal operation risk In accordance with 1) c) herein.
- f) Legal risk for execution of contracts and related documents Professional opinions of the Legal Department shall be required.
- g) Trading staff for derivative products shall not also work as operational staff for the purposes of confirmation and settlement.
- h) Risk measurement, supervision and control staff shall be from departments that differ from described those in g) hereinabove, and shall furthermore report to the Board Directors or to senior who managers are not responsible for making decisions in respect of the transaction or for the department concerned.
  - i) All positions in derivative trades shall be appraised on a weekly basis; where hedge positions trades are entered out of business necessity they shall be

- market prices for financial products undertaken, for appropriate disclosure of projected cash flow volume from the financial product.
- e) Internal operation risk In accordance with 1) c) herein.
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- h) Risk measurement, supervision and control staff shall be from departments that differ from those described in g) hereinabove, and shall furthermore report to the Board Directors or to senior who managers are not responsible for making decisions in respect of the transaction or for the department concerned.
  - i) All positions in derivative trades shall be appraised on a weekly basis; where hedge positions trades are entered out of business necessity they shall be

appraised at least twice a month. Appraisal reports shall be forwarded to senior managers authorized by the Board of Directors.

3) Internal Audit System

The Company's internal auditors shall regularly review the appropriateness of internal controls for derivative product trading, and shall on a monthly basis conduct compliance of these Procedures by the Trading Department, with audit reports to be compiled thereafter; where major irregularities are discovered, all Supervisors shall be notified by writing.

- 4) Regular Appraisal and Measures In the Event of Irregularities
  - a) The Board of Directors shall appoint the directors of Audit Department to closely monitor and control the trading risk for derivative trades.
  - b) The Board of Directors shall appoint a person to specifically conduct regular appraisal of the performance of derivative trades so as to establish whether there has been conformity with the pre-set operation policies and whether the risks to be undertaken in respect thereof are within the

appraised at least twice a month. Appraisal reports shall be forwarded to senior managers authorized by the Board of Directors.

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scope	allowed	by	the
Compar	ny.		

- c) The director of the Audit Department shall regularly review the suitability of the existing risk management whether the measures and procedures set out in this Article have been complied with; This person shall furthermore monitor the trades and profits/losses status, and shall take the necessary measures and immediately report to the Board of Directors where irregularities are discovered: where the Company has appointed Independent Directors, shall attend meetings of the Board of Directors and shall express their opinions.
  - d) The Company shall set up accounts books in respect of derivative trades, which books shall record in details the types, amounts, the date of approval by the Board of Directors and the matters for due evaluation as required under items 2) i) and 4) b) and c) herein, for ease of checking.

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# Article12 Procedure for Public Disclosure of Information

1) Items to be publicly disclosed and standard for public disclosure and

Procedure for Public Disclosure of Information

1) Items to be publicly disclosed and standard for public disclosure and

report

- a) Acquisition or disposal of real property from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property from or to a related party where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds.
- b) Undertaking merger, demerger, merger or shareholding transfer;
- c) Loss in derivative trade in an amount exceeding the limits for all trades or individual trade as stipulated in Article 10 1) f);
- d) Transactions relating to assets other than those stipulated hereinabove or investments in the mainland China area. where their transaction amounts reach twenty per cent (20%)of the Company's paid-in capital or equal or greater than NT\$ 300 million, with the following exceptions:

report

- a) Acquisition or disposal of real property from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property from or to a related party where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, percent or more of the company's total assets. or NT\$300 million or more: provided, this shall not apply to trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements.
- b) Undertaking merger, demerger, merger or shareholding transfer;
- c) Loss in derivative trade in an amount exceeding the limits for all trades or individual trade as stipulated in Article 10 1) f);
- d) Transactions relating to assets other than those stipulated hereinabove or investments in mainland China the area. where their transaction amounts reach twenty per cent (20%)of the Company's paid-in capital or equal or greater than NT\$ 300 million, with the following exceptions:

- i) Sale and purchase of government bonds;
- ii) Sale and purchase of bonds with call or put options, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds.
- iii) The assets so acquired or disposed are equipment for business purposes and in which the counterparties are not related parties, and that the transaction amount less than NT\$ 500 million:
- iv) Real property obtained by way of entrusted construction on own land, engaging others to build on rented land, division of property or profits deriving from sale of property following joint-development, where the projected amount to be invested in the transaction less than NT\$ 500 million;
- e) The calculation of transaction amount for a),to d) above as follows:
- i) Each single transaction amount;
- ii) Cumulative amount for transactions with the same counterparty within one (1) year or acquisition or disposal of subject matters of similar nature:

- i) Sale and purchase of government bonds;
- ii) Sale and purchase of bonds with call or put options;
- iii) The assets so acquired or disposed are equipment for business purposes and in which the counterparties are not related parties, and that the transaction amount less than NT\$ 500 million;
- iv) Real property obtained by way of entrusted construction on own land, engaging others to build on rented land, division of property or profits deriving from sale of property following joint-development, where the projected amount to be invested in the transaction less than NT\$ 500 million;
- e) The calculation of transaction amount for a),to d) above as follows:
- i) Each single transaction amount;
- ii) Cumulative amount for transactions with the same counterparty within one (1) year or acquisition or disposal of subject matters of similar nature;

- iii) Cumulative amount for acquisition disposition or (separate accounting cumulative amounts in respect of acquisitions and disposals) of real property under the development same project within one (1) year;
- iv) Cumulative amount for acquisition or disposition (separate accounting for cumulative amounts in respect of acquisitions and disposals) of the same securities within one (1) year.
- f) "Within the preceding year" as used in e) refers to the year date preceding the of occurrence of the current transaction. Items dulv announced in accordance with these Regulations need not be counted toward the transaction amount.
- Time Limit **Public** 2) for Announcement Reports and Public announcement and submission of report in respect of acquisition or disposition assets by the Company under items a) to d) above, shall be undertaken within two (2) days of commencing immediately from the date of occurrence of the event.
- 3) Procedure for Public

- iii) Cumulative for amount acquisition disposition or (separate accounting for cumulative amounts in respect of acquisitions and disposals) of real property under the development same project within one (1) year;
- iv) Cumulative amount for acquisition or disposition (separate accounting for cumulative amounts in respect of acquisitions and disposals) of the same securities within one (1) year.
- f) "Within the preceding year" as used in e) refers to the year preceding the date of of the occurrence current transaction. Items dulv announced in accordance with these Regulations need not be counted toward the transaction amount.
- **Public** 2) Time Limit for Announcement and Reports **Public** announcement and submission of report in respect of acquisition or disposition assets by the Company under items a) to d) above, shall be undertaken within two (2) days of commencing immediately from the date of occurrence of the event.

#### Announcement

- a) The Company shall undertake public announcement and report at the web-site appointed by the FSC;
- b) The Company shall on a monthly basis, and before the 10th day of each month, enter at the information and reporting web-site appointed by the FSC, all derivative trades undertaken for the preceding month by the Company and its non-public subsidiaries;
- c) Where there are errors and omissions for which corrections are required in the Company's public announcement and reports in conformity with regulations, the Company shall cause all of the items to be re-published;
- d) Where any of the following events has occurred following the Company's public announcement and reports in respect of its transactions pursuant to regulations, the Company shall within two (2) of days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence of the said events undertake public announcement and report in the relevant respect of information at the web-site

- 3) Procedure for Public Announcement
  - a) The Company shall undertake public announcement and report at the web-site appointed by the FSC;
  - b) The Company shall on a monthly basis, and before the 10th day of each month, enter at the information and reporting web-site appointed by the FSC, all derivative trades undertaken for the preceding month by the Company and its non-public subsidiaries;
  - c) Where there are errors and omissions for which corrections are required in the Company's public announcement and reports in conformity with regulations, the Company shall cause all of the items to be re-published;
  - d) Where any of the following events has occurred following the Company's public announcement and reports in respect of its transactions pursuant to regulations, the Company shall within two (2) days of commencing immediately from the date of occurrence of the said events undertake public announcement and report in respect of the relevant

appointed by FSC:

- i) Amendment, termination or cancellation of the contracts relating to the original transaction;
- Failure of merger, demerger, acquisition or shareholding transfer to be completed at the prescribed dates.
- iii) Change to the originally publicly announced and reported information.
- 4) Format of Pubic Announcement

The matters to be announced and the format for public announcement by the Company in respect of acquisition or disposition of assets pursuant to these Procedures shall be as those in Appendix from the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies.

- information at the web-site appointed by FSC:
- i) Amendment, termination or cancellation of the contracts relating to the original transaction;
- Failure of merger, demerger, acquisition or shareholding transfer to be completed at the prescribed dates.
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The matters to be announced and the format for public announcement by the Company in respect of acquisition or disposition of assets pursuant to these Procedures shall be as those in Appendix from the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies.

Note \*In case of any discrepancy between this English translation and the Chinese text of this document, the Chinese text shall prevail.

# IV. Extemporary motion None.

## V. Motion to Adjourn

Chairman: Mr. Douglas T. Hsu, Chairman of the Board of Directors

Recorder: Mr. Frank Jou





### BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2013		December 31,	2012	January 1, 2012		
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 516,953	1	\$ 870,675	2	\$ 566,057	1	
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	285,698	1	254,779	-	233,559	-	
Debt investment with no active market - current	191,594	-	-	-	, -	-	
Notes receivable	26,350	-	28,645	=	36,974	-	
Accounts receivable	242,626	-	509,631	1	479,757	1	
Related parties - accounts receivable	15,676	-	14,187	-	52,118	-	
Other receivables	329,741	1	486,527	1	364,725	1	
Current tax assets Inventories	20,163 384,916	1	41,547 430,141	- 1	37,001 372,957	1	
Prepayments	247,658	_	261,485	_	332,912	1	
Other current assets	21,801	_	5,720	_	17,363	_	
Total current assets	2,283,176	4	2,903,337	5	2,493,423	4	
NONCURRENT ASSETS	2000 550	-	2.012.602	-	2.555.420	4	
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	2,968,556 111,543	5	2,812,603 62,570	5	2,577,430 62,570	4	
Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent Investments accounted for by equity method	19,794,815	33	19,012,517	32	18,638,416	32	
Property, plant and equipment	31,227,060	52	30,972,607	52	30,685,182	52	
Investment properties	879,826	2	933,067	2	956,385	2	
Intangible assets	5,494	_	3,480	_	-	-	
Deferred tax assets	52,901	-	91,050		71,255	-	
Prepaid pension cost	222,285	-	222,666	-	369,869	1	
Long-term prepayments for lease	2,485,787	4	2,548,191	4	2,610,595	5	
Other noncurrent assets	218,746		238,483		258,760		
Total noncurrent assets	57,967,013	<u>96</u>	56,897,234	95	56,230,462	<u>96</u>	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 60,250,189</u>	<u>100</u>	\$ 59,800,571	<u>100</u>	\$ 58,723,885	<u>100</u>	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Short-term debts	\$ 2,650,000	4	\$ 2,500,000	4	\$ 4,400,000	8	
Short-term notes and bills payable	1,598,491	3	1,699,455	3	1,699,268	3	
Notes payable	-	-	=	-	113	-	
Accounts payable	3,328,710	6	3,848,239	7	3,132,697	5	
Related parties - accounts payable	65,113	-	89,723	-	82,106	-	
Other payables	1,765,311	3	2,364,945	4	3,959,018	7	
Current tax liabilities	40,192	-	7.205	-	38,262	-	
Deferred revenue - current Advance receipts	6,257 3,088,826	5	7,285 2,989,562	5	48,280 2,428,607	4	
Bond issued - current portion	2,493,512	4	1,200,000	2	2,420,007	4	
Long-term borrowings - current portion	997,159	2	600,000	1	_	_	
Other current liabilities	77,358		62,705		220,602		
Total current liabilities	16,110,929	<u>27</u>	15,361,914	<u>26</u>	16,008,953	27	
		<u></u>				<u></u>	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1 000 000	2	2 454 027	(	4.616.059	0	
Bonds issued	1,000,000 12,749,762	2 21	3,454,937 11,696,733	6 19	4,616,958 9,696,646	8 16	
Long-term borrowings Deferred tax liabilities	1,278,387	2	1,137,915	2	9,696,646	2	
Other noncurrent liabilities	85,108		67,540		40,632	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	15,113,257	25	16,357,125	27	15,311,875	26	
Total liabilities	31,224,186	52	31,719,039		31,320,828	53	
EQUITY							
Share capital							
Ordinary Share	14,109,761	23	13,698,797	23	13,171,921	22	
Capital surplus	3,498,174	6	3,498,174	6	3,498,174	6	
Retained earnings		· · · · ·				· · · · ·	
Legal reserve	2,358,917	4	2,189,631	4	1,975,319	4	
Special reserve	1,931,285	3	1,931,285	3	1,931,285	3	
Unappropriated earnings	3,565,333	<u>6</u>	3,086,960	5	3,705,232	<u>6</u>	
Total retained earnings	7,855,535	6 6 	<u>7,207,876</u>	12	7,611,836	<u>13</u>	
Other equity Traceurs stock	3,659,643	<u>6</u>	3,773,795	6	3,218,236	<u>6</u>	
Treasury stock	<u>(97,110</u> )		<u>(97,110</u> )		<u>(97,110</u> )		
Total equity	29,026,003	48	28,081,532	<u>47</u>	27,403,057	<u>47</u>	
TOTAL	\$ 60,250,189	<u>100</u>	\$ 59,800,571	<u>100</u>	\$ 58,723,885	<u>100</u>	

## STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Years Ended December 31				
	2013		2012		
	Amount	%	Amount	<b>%</b>	
OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 9,654,548	100	\$ 9,451,045	100	
OPERATING COSTS	3,419,522	<u>35</u>	3,369,907	<u>36</u>	
GROSS PROFIT	6,235,026	65	6,081,138	64	
OPERATING EXPENSES Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses	502,273 4,486,132	5 47	336,367 4,582,345	4 _48	
Total operating expenses	4,988,405	<u>52</u>	4,918,712	<u>52</u>	
OPERATING INCOME	1,246,621	<u>13</u>	1,162,426	<u>12</u>	
NONOPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of profit or loss of subsidiaries and associates	134,955 58,253 (230,803) 	1 (2) 	172,406 101,757 (236,233) 626,109	2 1 (3) <u>7</u>	
Total nonoperating income and expenses	1,129,146	<u>11</u>	664,039	7	
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	2,375,767	24	1,826,465	19	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	210,203	2	218,296	2	
NET PROFIT	2,165,564		1,608,169	<u>17</u>	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (NET) Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial assets Actuarial gain (loss) on defined benefit plans Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	186,872 5,031 (310,811) (855)	(3)	256,393 (146,406) 252,622 24,889	3 (2) 3	
Total other comprehensive income, net	(119,763)	<u>(1</u> )	387,498	4	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<u>\$ 2,045,801</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>\$1,995,667</u>	<u>21</u>	
EARNINGS PER SHARE (NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) Basic Diluted	\$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		\$ 1.15 \$ 1.14		

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

							Equity		
						Exchange Differences on	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on		
			R	etained Earning		Translating	Available-for-		
	Share Capital	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Foreign Operations	sale Financial Assets	Treasury Stock	Total Equity
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012	\$ 13,171,921	\$ 3,498,174	\$ 1,975,319	\$ 1,931,285	\$ 3,705,232	\$ -	\$ 3,218,236	\$ (97,110)	\$ 27,403,057
Appropriation of the 2011 earnings Legal reserve Cash dividends Stock dividends	- - 526,876	- - -	214,312	- - -	(214,312) (1,317,192) (526,876)	- - -	- - -	- - -	(1,317,192) -
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2012	-	-	-	-	1,608,169	-	-	-	1,608,169
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2012		<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>		(168,061)	<u>(71,679</u> )	627,238	<del>_</del>	387,498
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012	13,698,797	3,498,174	2,189,631	1,931,285	3,086,960	(71,679)	3,845,474	(97,110)	28,081,532
Appropriation of the 2012 earnings Legal reserve Cash dividends Stock dividends	- - 410,964	- - -	169,286 - -	- - -	(169,286) (1,095,903) (410,964)	- - -	- - -	- - -	(1,095,903)
Adjustments resulting from investments in subsidiaries and associates accounted for by equity method	-	-	-	-	(2,011)	-	-	-	(2,011)
Acquisition of partly owned subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(3,416)	-	-	-	(3,416)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2013	-	-	-	-	2,165,564	-	-	-	2,165,564
Other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2013	<u>-</u>		<del>_</del>		(5,611)	81,935	(196,087)		(119,763)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2013	<u>\$ 14,109,761</u>	\$ 3,498,174	\$ 2,358,917	\$ 1,931,285	\$ 3,565,333	<u>\$ 10,256</u>	\$ 3,649,387	<u>\$ (97,110)</u>	\$29,026,003

### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Years Ended December 31	
	2013	2012
Purchase of investments accounted for by equity method	\$ (273,949)	\$ -
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(2,261,957)	(3,241,832)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	4,608	609
Payments for intangible assets	(3,541)	(4,350)
Payments for investment properties	(181)	(410)
Decrease in other noncurrent assets	10,934	7,826
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(2,765,680)	(3,238,157)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in short-term debts	17,546,000	32,310,000
Decrease in short-term debts	(17,396,000)	(34,210,000)
Increase in short-term bills payable	8,340,739	9,492,367
Decrease in short-term bills payable	(8,441,703)	(9,492,180)
Repayments of bonds	(1,200,000)	-
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	42,500,188	67,610,087
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(41,050,000)	(65,010,000)
Increase in other noncurrent liabilities	17,568	26,908
Dividends paid	(1,096,010)	(1,317,289)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(779,218)	(590,107)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS	(353,722)	304,618
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	<u>870,675</u>	566,057
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 516,953</u>	<u>\$ 870,675</u>
(Concluded)		

# FAR EASTERN DEPARTMENT STORES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands)

	December 31,	2013	December 31	, 2012	January 1	January 1, 2012	
	New Taiwan		New Taiwan		New Taiwan		
ASSETS	Dollars	%	Dollars	%	Dollars	%	
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	\$ 13,221,405 239,974	12	\$ 16,794,103 361,327	14	\$ 16,365,201 303,286	14	
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	552,555	-	511,192	1	471,920	1	
Debt investment with no active market - current	437,497	-	1,008,193	1	531,768	1	
Notes receivable Accounts receivable	28,119 766,445	- 1	31,195 1,470,752	- 1	40,469 1,242,025	- 1	
Related parties – accounts receivable	57,302	-	50,977	-	1,242,023	1 -	
Other receivables	1,779,487	2	492,525	1	300,133	-	
Current tax assets	418,064	-	291,016	-	273,675	-	
Inventories Prepayments	2,976,244 771,167	3 1	3,160,935 846,206	3 1	2,990,885 976,100	3 1	
Prepayments for lease	319,489	-	318,565	-	319,201	-	
Noncurrent asset held for sale Other current assets	377 <u>83,987</u>	-	- <u>70,694</u>	- <u>-</u>	1,128,997 <u>99,740</u>	1 <u>-</u> -	
Total current assets	21,652,112	<u>-</u> _19	25,407,680	22	25,144,858		
NONCURRENT ASSETS							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -							
noncurrent	- 4.096.220	- 1	1,013,913	1	1,006,635	1	
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent Financial assets measured at cost – noncurrent	4,986,339 776,374	4 1	5,468,512 718,583	5 1	5,040,384 680,253	4	
Debt investment with no active market - noncurrent	521,897	-	632,667	-	233,084	-	
Investments accounted for by equity method	9,050,368	8	8,811,079	7	8,733,465	8	
Property, plant and equipment Investment properties	52,166,888 2,043,082	47 2	52,946,768 2,089,416	45 2	51,862,701 1,002,323	45 1	
Intangible assets	7,715,184	7	7,711,555	6	7,697,855	7	
Deferred tax assets	922,092	1	1,109,266	1	966,963	1	
Prepaid pension cost	222,285	-	222,666	-	369,869	-	
Long-term prepayments for lease Other noncurrent assets	9,464,677 <u>1,920,123</u>	9 <u>2</u>	9,837,349 1,902,572	8 <u>2</u>	10,225,303 2,048,808	9 <u>2</u>	
Total noncurrent assets	89,789,309	81	92,464,346	<u>78</u>	89,867,643	<u>78</u>	
ГОТАL	\$ 111,441,42 <u>1</u>	100	\$ 117,872,026	_100	\$ 115,012,501	100	
	<del>,·,</del>		<del>,</del>		<del>,</del>		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Short-term debts	\$ 7,462,340	7	\$ 9,613,446	8	\$ 10,334,680	9	
Short-term notes and bills payable	3,047,306	3	4,648,862	4	3,636,195	3	
Notes payable	159,194	- 1 <i>6</i>	198,522	- 1 <i>6</i>	394,705	- 1 <i>6</i>	
Accounts payables Related parties – accounts payable and notes payable	17,693,401 151,909	16 -	18,687,359 170,962	16 -	17,673,048 157,796	16 -	
Other payables	5,252,331	5	8,439,193	7	10,138,084	9	
Current tax liabilities	401,874	-	563,223	1	1,152,903	1	
Provision-current Deferred revenue - current	4,135 101,136	-	16,351 63,770	-	- 81,921	-	
Advance receipts	7,720,500	7	7,449,114	6	6,778,184	6	
Bond issued – current portion	2,493,512	2	1,200,000	1	-	-	
Long-term borrowings – current portion Other current liabilities	1,445,159 252,891	1 <u>-</u> -	1,600,000 <u>168,630</u>	2 <u>-</u>	3,020,717 303,732	3 <u>-</u>	
Total current liabilities	46,185,688	41	52,819,432	<u>45</u>	53,671,965	<u>47</u>	
ONCURRENT LIABILITIES							
Bonds issued	1,990,702	2	3,454,937	3	4,616,958	4	
Long-term borrowings	21,841,434	20	21,992,207	19	18,490,187	16	
Provision-noncurrent Accrued pension liabilities	30,483 547,479	-	30,213 545,253	-	29,943 461,198	- 1	
Deferred tax liabilities	1,474,842	1	1,446,269	1	1,404,405	1	
Other noncurrent liabilities	2,841,682	<u>3</u>	2,710,010	_2	2,625,517	<u>2</u>	
Total noncurrent liabilities	28,726,622	<u>26</u>	30,178,889	<u>25</u>	27,628,208	24	
Total liabilities	74,912,310	<u>67</u>	82,998,321	<u>70</u>	81,300,173	<u>71</u>	
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY Share Capital	_		-	•	_		
Share Capital Ordinary share	_14,109,761	13	13,698,797	12	13,171,921	11	
Capital surplus	3,498,174	<u>13</u> <u>3</u>	3,498,174	<u>12</u> <u>3</u>	3,498,174	<u>11</u> <u>3</u>	
Retained earnings							
Legal reserve Special reserve	2,358,917 1,931,285	2 2	2,189,631 1,931,285	2 2	1,975,319 1,931,285	2 2	
Special reserve Unappropriated earnings	1,931,285 _3,565,333	2 <u>3</u>	3,086,960	<u>2</u>	1,931,285 3,705,232	2 <u>3</u>	
Total retained earnings	7,855,535	7	7,207,876		7,611,836		
Other equity	3,659,643	<u>7</u> <u>3</u>	3,773,795	<u>6</u> <u>3</u>	3,218,236	<u>7</u> <u>3</u>	
Treasury stock	<u>(97,110</u> )	-	<u>(97,110</u> )	<u>-</u>	<u>(97,110</u> )	<u>-</u>	
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	29,026,003	26	28,081,532	24	27,403,057	24	
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	7,503,108	<u>7</u>	6,792,173	<u>6</u>	6,309,271	<u>5</u>	
Total equity	36,529,111	<u>33</u>	34,873,705	<u>30</u>	33,712,328	<u>29</u>	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 111,441,421</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 117,872,026</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 115,012,501</u>	<u>100</u>	

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Years Ended December 31				
	2013		2012	;	
	New Taiwan		New Taiwan		
	Dollars	%	Dollars	%	
OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 46,754,377	100	\$ 47,683,558	100	
OPERATING COSTS	23,803,129	<u>51</u>	24,678,982	<u>52</u>	
GROSS PROFIT	22,951,248	<u>49</u>	23,004,576	48	
OPERATING EXPENSES Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses	1,382,355 18,862,449	3 40	1,294,349 18,757,466	3 <u>39</u>	
Total operating expenses	20,244,804	43	20,051,815	42	
OPERATING INCOME	2,706,444	<u>6</u>	2,952,761	<u>6</u>	
NONOPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of profit or loss of associates	356,490 1,237,051 (508,253) 228,035	1 3 (1)	484,597 255,085 (662,005) 144,808	1 1 (1)	
Total non-operating income and expenses	1,313,323	3	222,485	<u>1</u>	
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	4,019,767	9	3,175,246	7	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	1,016,840	<u>2</u>	775,867	<u>2</u>	
NET PROFIT	3,002,927	<u>7</u>	2,399,379	<u>5</u>	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Exchange differences on translating foreign operations Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial assets Actuarial gain (loss) on defined benefit plans Share of other comprehensive income of associates Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	114,431 (111,661) (8,943) (83,622)  1,345	- - - -	(111,075) 467,398 (249,755) 159,983 40,847	- 1 - -	
Total other comprehensive income, net	<u>(88,450</u> )	<u>-</u>	307,398	<u>1</u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<u>\$ 2,914,477</u>	<u>_7</u>	<u>\$ 2,706,777</u>	<u>_6</u>	
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO : Owner of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 2,165,564 <u>837,363</u> \$ 3,002,927	5 <u>2</u> <u>7</u>	\$ 1,608,169	3 <u>2</u> <u>5</u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owner of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 2,045,801 <u>868,676</u> <u>\$ 2,914,477</u>	5 <u>2</u> <u>7</u>	\$ 1,995,667	4 2 <u>6</u>	
EARNINGS PER SHARE Basic Diluted	\$1.54 \$1.54		\$1.15 <u>\$1.14</u>		

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

			Equity	y Attributed to	o Owners of	The Company				_	
							Other				
						Exchange	Unrealized				
						Differences on	Gain (loss) on				
				Retained Earnings	S	Translating	Available-for-				
					Unappropriated	Foreign	sale Financial			Non-controlling	
	Share Capital	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Earnings	Operations	Assets	Treasury Stock	Total	Interests	<b>Total Equity</b>
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2012	\$ 13,171,921	\$ 3,498,174	\$ 1,975,319	\$ 1,931,285	\$ 3,705,232	\$ -	\$ 3,218,236	\$ (97,110)	\$ 27,403,057	\$ 6,309,271	\$ 33,712,328
Appropriation of the 2011 earnings											
Legal reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company	-	-	214,312	-	(214,312) (1,317,192)	-	-	-	(1,317,192)	-	(1,317,192)
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,317,172)	(228,208)	(228,208)
Stock dividends distributed by the Company	526,876	-	-	-	(526,876)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2012	-	-	-	-	1,608,169	-	-	-	1,608,169	791,210	2,399,379
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2012	<u>-</u> _	<del>-</del>		<del>_</del>	(168,061)	(71,679)	627,238		387,498	(80,100)	307,398
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012	13,698,797	3,498,174	2,189,631	1,931,285	3,086,960	(71,679)	3,845,474	(97,110)	28,081,532	6,792,173	34,873,705
Appropriation of the 2012 earnings											
Legal reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company	-	-	169,286	-	(169,286) (1,095,903)	-	-	-	(1,095,903)	-	(1,095,903)
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	(160,466)	(160,466)
Stock dividends distributed by the Company	410,964	-	-	-	(410,964)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments resulting from investments in subsidiaries and associates accounted for by equity method	-	-	-	-	(2,011)	-	-	-	(2,011)	(691)	(2,702)
Acquisition of partly owned subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(3,416)	-	-	-	(3,416)	3,416	-
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2013	-	-	-	-	2,165,564	-	-	-	2,165,564	837,363	3,002,927
Other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2013	<del>_</del>	<u>-</u>		<del>_</del>	(5,611)	81,935	(196,087)	<del>_</del>	(119,763)	31,313	(88,450)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2013	<u>\$ 14,109,761</u>	<u>\$ 3,498,174</u>	<u>\$ 2,358,917</u>	<u>\$ 1,931,285</u>	\$ 3,565,333	<u>\$ 10,256</u>	\$ 3,649,387	<u>\$ (97,110)</u>	\$ 29,026,003	<u>\$ 7,503,108</u>	<u>\$ 36,529,111</u>

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands)

<u> </u>	2013	2012
7		2012
	New Taiwan	New Taiwan
	Dollars	Dollars
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before income tax \$	4,019,767	\$ 3,175,246
Adjustments  Depresiation expenses	2 090 759	2 862 270
Depreciation expenses  Amortization of deferred charges	2,980,758 24,630	2,862,279 35,475
Bad debts	8,518	24,206
Net gain on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through	0,510	24,200
profit or loss	(33,996)	(11,330)
Finance costs	508,253	662,005
Impairment loss on financial assets	1,027	-
Recognition (reversal) of provision	(12,216)	16,351
Amortization of prepayments	13,798	13,932
Amortization of prepayments for lease	256,752	256,384
Reversal unrealized purchase discounts	4,941	(9,756)
Reversal of deferred revenue	(63,770)	(81,921)
Share of profit of associates	(228,035)	(144,808)
Interest income	(120,037)	(146,530)
Dividend income	(236,453)	(338,067)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Loss on disposal of intangible assets	41,902 3,256	15,950
Gain on disposal of Investments	(386,986)	(98,313)
Unrealized loss on physical inventory and slow-moving	(360,760)	(76,313)
inventories	14,217	9,565
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities	1.,217	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Financial assets held for trading	1,169,262	(53,918)
Notes receivable	3,076	9,274
Accounts receivable	698,025	(228,752)
Related parties - accounts receivable and notes receivable	(6,325)	50,481
Other receivables	(6,519)	(206,559)
Inventories	165,533	(169,859)
Prepayments	73,263	129,298
Other current assets	(13,293)	29,046
Prepaid pension cost	5,412	796
Notes payable Accounts payable	(39,328)	(196,183)
Related parties – accounts payable and notes payable	(993,958) (19,053)	1,014,311 13,166
Other payables	(2,032,521)	(195,014)
Advance receipts	541,336	936,133
Deferred revenue	101,136	63,770
Accrued pension liabilities	(11,748)	(19,294)
Other current liabilities	84,261	(135,102)
Cash inflow generated from operations	6,514,885	7,282,262
Interest paid	(515,434)	(641,557)
Interest received	87,411	136,517
Dividends received	335,570	406,910
Income tax returned	34,902	2,067
Income tax paid	(1,179,157)	(1,345,095)
Net cash flows from operating activities	5,278,177	5,841,104
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investments accounted for by equity method	(147,899)	-
Purchase of financial assets measured at cost	(50,000)	(126,000)
Purchase (proceeds) of debt investments with no active market	681,466	(876,008)
Proceeds of the disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	709,014	-

(Continued)

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands)

	For the Years Ended December 31				
	2013	2012			
	New Taiwan	New Taiwan			
	Dollars	Dollars			
Proceeds of the disposal of financial assets carried at cost	\$ -	\$ 179,831			
Decrease in prepaid long-term investments	78,216	64,683			
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(3,388,947)	(5,694,780)			
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	5,023	1,749			
Increase in other receivables	(1,250,053)	, <u>-</u>			
Payments for intangible assets	(30,186)	(50,161)			
Payments for investment properties	-	(18,399)			
Decrease (Increase) in other noncurrent assets	(21,593)	153,306			
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(3,414,959)	(6,365,779)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in short-term debts	52,458,782	62,111,939			
Decrease in short-term debts	(54,640,379)	(62,804,804)			
Increase in short-term bills payable	25,070,441	16,303,004			
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	(26,671,997)	(15,290,337)			
Proceeds from issue of bonds	990,692	-			
Repayments of bonds	(1,200,000)	-			
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	51,964,386	73,197,020			
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(52,270,000)	(71,115,717)			
Increase in other noncurrent liabilities	131,672	84,493			
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	(1,095,903)	(1,317,289)			
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(197,462)	(243,981)			
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(5,459,768)	924,328			
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	23,852	29,249			
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(3,572,698)	428,902			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	16,794,103	16,365,201			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 13,221,405</u>	<u>\$ 16,794,103</u>			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Concluded)