

# 2024 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting Minutes

# **Far Eastern Department Stores**

**Date**: Tuesday, June 18, 2024 **Time**: 9:00 a.m. Taipei time

Place: Auditorium in the Taipei Hero House

No. 20, Changsha Street, Section 1, Taipei, Taiwan

Holding means: Hybrid shareholders' meeting

Webinar platform: TDCC (https://www.stockvote.com.tw)

Shareholders present:

Total shares represented by the shareholders present at the meeting in person or by proxy are 1,125,497,868 shares (including e-voting and virtual method), representing 79.89% of the total issued shares of the Company (1,408,733,585 shares)

### **Attendee Directors:**

Mr. Douglas Tong Hsu, Ms. Nancy Hsu, Ms. Philby Lee, Mr. Eugene You Hsin Chien (Independent Director), Mr. Edward Wei (Independent Director, Chairperson of Audit Committee and Compensation Committee), and Mr. Ding-Yu, Dong

Chairman: Mr. Douglas Tong Hsu, Chairman of the Board of Directors

Minute taker: Mr. James Tangal

The aggregate shareholding of the shareholders present constituted a quorum.

The Chairman called the meeting to order.

The speech of Chairman (omitted)

# I. Reported Matters

- 1. 2023 Business Report (please refer to P.3-P.9 of handbook for 2024 AGM).
- 2. 2023 Financial Report (please refer to P.10-P.31 of handbook for 2024 AGM).
- 3. Audit Committee's review report for 2023 business report and financial statements (please refer to P.32 of handbook for 2024 AGM).
- Report of 2023 employees' compensation and directors' remuneration (please refer to P.33 of handbook for 2024 AGM).

# **II.** Acknowledged Matters

# 1.To accept 2023 business report and financial statements

The Board of Directors proposes and recommends that each shareholder votes for the acceptance of 2023 business report and financial statements.

# **Explanatory Notes:**

- (1) FEDS 2023 business report and financial statements (including consolidated balance sheets, consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity, consolidated statements of cash flows, and balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity, statements of cash flows) have been audited by independent auditors, Eddie Shao and Leon Huang of Deloitte & Touche (please refer to Page 3-31), and have been examined by and determined to be correct and accurate by the Audit Committee of FEDS. We thereby submit this report.
- (2) Please approve the above-mentioned business report and financial statements.

### Resolution:

The number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the time of voting (including via e-voting and virtual method) was 1,125,497,868.

Number of votes		% of votes represented by the
(including e-voting and virtua	l method)	shareholders present
Approval	1,084,289,861	96.3
Disapproval	118,176	-
Invalid	0	-
Abstention votes/No votes	41,089,831	3.7

The votes in favor exceeds the legal standards, that the above proposals be and hereby were approved as proposed.

# 2. To approve the proposal for the distribution of 2023 profit

The Board of Directors proposes and recommends that each shareholder votes for the distribution of 2023 profit.

# **Explanatory Notes:**

(1) All the closing transactions as of December 31, 2023 have been completely closed, and have been audited by the accounting firm, Deloitte & Touche. We thereby submit the proposal for distribution of 2023 profits:

1.	Unappropriated earnings of January 1, 2023	NT\$
		1,048,504,537
2.	Net Income for the year ended December 31, 2023	2,752,302,797
3.	The adjustments of retained earnings for by using equity method	(1,789,891,978)
4.	Recognizing the re-measurements of defined benefit plans in retained earnings	75,128,917
5.	The amount of the sum of the current after-tax net income and other item accounted to undistributed earnings (=2-3+4)	1,037,539,736
6.	10% legal reserve (=5*10%)	(103,753,974)
7.	Legal special reserve appropriated	(34,177,136)
8.	Reversal special reserve	1,000,564,312
9.	Distributable net profit(=1+5-6-7+8)	2,948,677,475,
10.	Earnings distribution (NT\$1.6 per share)	(2,267,104,942)
11.	Un-appropriated earnings after distribution(=9-10)	681,572,533

- (2) The distribution of 2023 dividends composes of 2023 surplus earning in priority, and the undistributed profit from 1998 to 2022 in case 2023 surplus earning are insufficient to cover 2023 dividends, and so on.
- (3) After being approved at the annual General Shareholders' meeting (2024), the cash dividends to holders of common share will be distributed on the record date to be determined by Chairman authorized by the Board of Directors. Cash dividends allocated to each shareholder should be calculated to round down to full NT dollar (decimal places should be ignored). The sum of the amount lower than NT\$1 paid to each shareholder should be reclassified to other income. According to Article 28-2 of the ROC Securities and Exchange Law and other relevant regulations, the total numbers of common shares outstanding may change, and the ultimate cash to be distributed to each common share may need to be adjusted accordingly. It is proposed that the Board of Directors of FEDS be authorized to adjust the cash to be distributed to each common share based on the total amount of profits resolved to be distributed, the amount of earnings resolved to be capitalized, and the number of actual common shares outstanding on the record date for distribution.
- (4) Please approve the above-mentioned proposal for the distribution of 2023 profits.

### Resolution:

The number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the time of voting (including via e-voting and virtual method) was 1,125,497,868.

Number of votes		% of votes represented by
(including e-voting and virtua	l method)	the shareholders present
Approval	1,085,528,135	96.4
Disapproval	128,947	-
Invalid	0	t
Abstention votes/No votes	39,840,786	3.6

The votes in favor exceeds the legal standards, that the above proposals be and hereby were approved as proposed.

# III. Items for Discussion and Election

# 1. Proposal to elect Directors (including Independent Directors) of the Company

The Board of Directors proposes and recommends that each shareholder to elect Directors (including three Independent Directors).

# **Explanatory Notes:**

- (1) As stated in Article 17 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the directors' election adopts a nomination system, and the directors shall be selected from among the list of director candidates by the shareholders.
- (2) The term of the 19th Board of Directors of the Company expired on July 26, (2024). According to Article 18 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the directors shall be re-elected in the 2024 general shareholders meeting. Nine directors (of which three are independent directors) shall be elected in the election, and the term of the new directors after the re-election is from June 18, 2024 to June 17, 2027, totaling 3 years. The current Directors shall serve until 2024 shareholders' meeting is completed.
- (3) In accordance with Article 192-1 of the Company Act and related laws and regulations, the list of candidates for directors (including independent directors) approved by the Company's 12th meeting of the 19th Board of Directors on May 8, 2024 is as follows.
- (4) Please elect.

# **Election Result:**

Title	Name	Number of votes
Director	Douglas Tong Hsu	1,419,473,045
Director	Nancy Hsu, Representative of Ding Ding Management Consultant Corporation	1,352,523,410
Director	Nicole Hsu, Representative of Far Eastern New Century Co., Ltd.	1,008,963,141
Director	Chee Ching, Representative of Asia Cement Corporation	1,008,910,539
Director	Philby Lee, Representative of Far Eastern New Century Co., Ltd.	1,008,855,140
Director	Jin-Lin Liang, Representative of Yuli Investments Corporation	1,008,779,540
Independent Director	Edward Wei	1,001,658,046
Independent Director	Ding-Yu Dong	953,602,168
Independent Director	Susan S. Chang	887,407,490

# 2. Proposal to release the non-competition restriction for directors in Article 209 of the Company Act

The Board of Directors proposes and recommends that each shareholder votes for releasing the restriction on non-competition of directors in Article 209 of the Company Act.

# **Explanatory Notes:**

- (1) According to Paragraph 1 of Article 209 of the Company Act, which states "a director who performs any act for himself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the company's business shall explain to the shareholders meeting of the essential contents of such an act and secure its approval.
- (2) As a newly appointed director of the Company might have invested or engaged in other business that are the same or similar to the scope of the Company's business, we hereby ask the shareholders meeting to approve the relief of the Company's restrictions on the non-competition of new directors and their representatives in accordance with Article 209 of the Company Act.

To release the non-competition restriction of the Company's directors

Title	Name	Title and Competition Company	Major Business Scope
Director	Douglas Tong Hsu	Chairman  Far Eastern Ai Mai Co., Ltd.  FEDS Asia Pacific Development Co., Ltd.  FEDS New Century Development Co., Ltd.  Director  Pacific Sogo Department Stores Co., Ltd.  Ya Tung Department Stores Ltd.  Far Eastern City Super Co. Ltd.  Far Eastern Hon Li Do Co. Ltd.	Retail and wholesale
Director	Nancy Hsu, Representative of Ding Ding Management Consultant Corporation	<ul> <li>Chairman</li> <li>Ya Tung Department Stores Ltd.</li> <li>Far Eastern City Super Co. Ltd.</li> <li>Far Eastern Hon Li Do Co. Ltd.</li> <li>Director</li> <li>Far Eastern Ai Mai Co., Ltd.</li> <li>FEDS Asia Pacific Development Co., Ltd.</li> <li>FEDS New Century Development Co., Ltd.</li> <li>Zhubei New Century Shopping mall Co., Ltd.</li> </ul>	Retail and wholesale

Director	Philby Lee, Representative of Far Eastern New Century Co., Ltd.	Chairman  Far Eastern Big City Shopping Malls Co., Ltd.  Director  Far Eastern Ai Mai Co., Ltd.  Yuanshi digital technology Co., Ltd.  Zhubei New Century Shopping mall Co., Ltd	Retail and wholesale
Director	Chee Ching, Representative of Asia Cement Corporation	Chairman  ■ Yuanshi digital technology Co., Ltd.  Director  ■ Pacific Sogo Department Stores Co., Ltd.	Retail and wholesale

# Resolution:

The number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the time of voting (including via e-voting and virtual method) was 1,125,497,868.

Number of vo	tes oting and virtu	al method)	es represented shareholders
Approval		1,083,795,032	96.3
Disapproval		1,288,977	0.1
Invalid		0	-
Abstention votes	votes/No	40,413,859	3.6

The votes in favor exceeds the legal standards, that the above proposals be and hereby were approved as proposed.

# IV. Extemporary Motion

None

# V. Adjournment

Note: No Shareholder ask questions in 2024 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Far Eastern Department Stores, Ltd.

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Far Eastern Department Stores, Ltd. and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 is stated as follows:

# Assessment of Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-of-use Assets

The department store and hypermarket industries in which the Group is engaged in are highly competitive. Due to the rising threat from external competition, some of our cash-generating units have been in the red in recent years. Management estimates and makes judgments about the expected future economic benefits and recoverable amounts of the assets of the cash-generating units in accordance with IAS 36, "Impairment of Assets," in order to assess whether they are impaired. The assessment of impairment of the Group's property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets is considered to be a key audit matter for the current year because of the high percentage of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets in the total assets of the cash-generating units, which is material to the consolidated financial statements as a whole. Please refer to Notes 4 (m), 5, 14, and 15 to the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policies and important descriptions of impairment of property, plant and equipment.

The key audit procedures that we performed in respect of the impairment loss of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are as follows:

- 1. We obtained an assessment of impairment of assets for each cash-generating unit as assessed by management.
- 2. We assessed the reasonableness of the assumptions and methods used in the valuation.

### Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Far Eastern Department Stores, Ltd. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and

where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chih-Ming Shao and Kuo-Ning Huang.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

March 1, 2024

# Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	2023 Amount	%	Amount	%
400210	Amount	70	Amount	70
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	\$ 19,957,709 83,054	15	\$ 17,254,680 284,762	14
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	951,448	i	840,485	1
Financial assets at amortized cost - current	1,817,858	ì	2,210,526	2
Notes receivable	649	-	471	•
Trade receivables	1,220,390	1	1,162,412	1
Trade receivables from related parties Other receivables	118,779 650,022	-	152,611 703,143	-
Current tax assets	2,635		2,746	_
Inventories	2,107,659	2	2,372,926	2
Prepayments	290,506	-	267,762	-
Other current assets	44,529	<del></del>	56,533	
Total current assets	<u>27,245,238</u>	<u>20</u>	25,309,057	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	4,688,905	4	4,627,437	4
Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current Investments accounted for using the equity method	73,000 8,540,496	- 6	123,200 9,749,294	8
Property, plant and equipment	32,462,952	24	33,279,076	26
Right-of-use assets	46,536,255	35	39,630,425	31
Investment properties	9,022,885	7	8,971,146	7
Intangible assets	2,394,245	2	2,413,602	2
Deferred tax assets	348,451	•	584,173	-
Net defined benefit assets Other non-current assets	503,364	-	285,329	•
	2,015,247	2	1,970,204	2
Total non-current assets	106,585,800	80	101,633,866	80
TOTAL	<u>\$ 133,831,038</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 126,942,943</u>	_100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short-term borrowings	\$ 11,700,188	9	\$ 13,722,144	11
Short-term bills payable	1,686,518	1	1,590,845	1
Contract liabilities	9,615,412	7	10,279,939	8
Notes payable	1,480		3,500	•
Trade payables Trade payables to related parties	18,047,911	14	17,050,545	13
Other payables	103,222 4,063,454	3	116,859 4,089,361	3
Current tax liabilities	932,204	1	626,356	1
Provisions	3,000		3,000	-
Lease liabilities	2,923,309	2	3,191,599	3
Advance receipts	410,335	-	509,317	-
Current portion of long-term borrowings Other current liabilities	518,039 414,256	<u> </u>	950,000 395,209	1
				<u>-</u>
Total current liabilities	50,419,328	38	52,528,674	. 41
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term borrowings	14,562,121	11	9,900,000	8
Provisions	25,729	- ''	25,500	-
Deferred tax liabilities	2,304,264	2	2,349,887	2
Lease liabilities	28,085,073	21	20,489,572	16
Net defined benefit liabilities	483,823	•	581,832	1
Other non-current liabilities	<u>476,892</u>	<del></del>	520,214	<del></del>
Total non-current liabilities	45,937,902	34	33,867,005	27
Total liabilities	96,357,230	<u>72</u>	86,395,679	68
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY				
Share capital				
Ordinary shares	14,169,406	11	14,169,406	11
Capital surplus	3,343,595	2	3,341,024	3
Retained earnings Legal reserve	3,930,366	3	3,729,018	3
Special reserve	2,648,051	2	2,657,978	2
Unappropriated earnings	2,086,045	1	2,798,561	2
Total retained earnings	8,664,462	6	9,185,557	7
Other equity	5,242,133	4	4,940,666	4
Treasury shares	(97,110)	<del></del>	(97,110)	<u></u>
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	31,322,486	23	31,539,543	25
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	6,151,322	<u>5</u>	9,007,721	7
Total equity	<u>37,473,808</u>	28	40,547,264	32
TOTAL	<u>\$ 133,831,038</u>	100	<u>\$ 126,942,943</u>	<u>_100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2023		2022	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 36,725,103	100	\$ 35,863,910	100
OPERATING COSTS	16,180,018	_44	16,544,425	<u>46</u>
GROSS PROFIT	20,545,085	<u>56</u>	19,319,485	<u>_54</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Selling and marketing expenses	863,321	2	896,918	2
General and administrative expenses	14,160,019	39	13,977,027	39
Expected credit loss (gain)	21,133	<u>-</u>	(826)	
Total operating expenses	15,044,473	_41	14,873,119	_41
OPERATING PROFIT	5,500,612	<u>15</u>	4,446,366	<u>13</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES				
Interest income	187,036	1	92,888	-
Other income	257,872	1	357,816	1
Other losses	67,178	-	(347,821)	(1)
Finance costs	(962,332)	(3)	(869,978)	(2)
Share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using the equity method	123,200	-	(170,711)	_(1)
		<u></u>		
Total non-operating income and expenses	(327,046)	_(1)	<u>(937,806)</u>	<u>(3</u> )
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	5,173,566	14	3,508,560	10
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	1,211,035	3	803,394	3
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	3,962,531	<u>11</u>	2,705,166	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through				
other comprehensive income	186,399	1	(105,862)	-

(Continued)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2023		2022	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using the equity method  Income tax relating to items that will not be	\$ 43,552	-	\$ (79,295)	-
reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(17,058) 298,164	<u> </u>	(25,499) (81,709)	<del>_</del>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations  Share of other comprehensive income (loss)	26,913	-	(48,973)	-
of associates accounted for using the equity method	(18,660) 8,253		(25,615) (74,588)	
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	306,417	1	(156,297)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 4,268,948</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>\$ 2,548,869</u>	
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 2,752,303 	8 3	\$ 1,930,174 774,992	5 2
	<u>\$ 3,962,531</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>\$ 2,705,166</u>	<u>7</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 3,055,547 1,213,401	9 3	\$ 1,766,118 <u>782,751</u>	5 2
	<u>\$_4,268,948</u>	<u>12</u>	\$ 2,548,869	<u>7</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE Basic Diluted	\$1.95 \$1.95		\$1.37 \$1.37	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Equi	Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company	wners of the Compa				i		
				Retained Earnings	Unappropriated	Exchange Differences on Translating the Financial Statements of Forcien	Unrealized Gain Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other ( Commethensive P	quity Gain on Property			Non-controlling	
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2022	Share Capital \$ 14 169 406	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Earnings c 2 2 1 6 423	Operations	Income	Revaluation	Treasury Shares		Interests	Total Equity
Appropriation of 2021 eamings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Coenpany Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries			1 1	38,409								5 52,555,158 - (1,275,247) (561,569)
Subtotal Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2022	<u>"</u> '	1.	117,699	38,409	(1,431,355)	'				(1,275,247)	(561,569)	(1,836,816)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022, net of income tax					87,848	(10,169)	(241,735)			(164,056)	7,759	(156,297)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022					2.018.022	(10,169)	(241,735)	'		1,766,118	782,751	2,548,869
Adjustments resulting from investments in associates accounted for using the equity method	"	42	1							42	TI.	53
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income by associates				"	(4,539)	,	4.539	1				'
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022	14,169,406	3,341,024	3,729,018	2,657,978	2,798,561	55,766	2,707,736	2,177,164	(97,110)	31,539,543	9,007,721	40,547,264
Appropriation of 2022 cumings Legal reserve Special revers Special revers Cast dividends distributed by the Company Cast dividends distributed by subsidiance Subtoral			201348	(9.927)	(201,348) 9,927 (1,558,635)					(358,635)	(F25'Z6L)	(1,558,635) (797,574) (2,356,209)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2023	•	•	•	•	2,752,303	•		•	٠	2,752,303	1,210,228	3,962,531
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023, net of income tax					75,130	(2.260)	230,374			303,244	3,175	306,417
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023					2,827,433	(2,260)	230,374		"1	3,055,547	1,213,401	4,268,948
Adjustments resulting from investments in associates accounted for using the equity method		2,571	]	1	2,478	(50)	(2,478)		1	2,521	7	2,525
Disposal of subsidiaries			1	1		1				Ï	(490,257)	(490,252)
Difference between acquisition of the subsidiary's equity price and book value	'  				(686'518'1)	44,910	54.589	1		(1,716,490)	(2,781,973)	(4,498,463)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income by associates		Ï			23,618		(23,618)					
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	\$_14_169_406	\$ 3,343,595	\$ 3,930,366	\$ 2,648,051	\$ 2,0%6,045	308.366	\$ 2,966,603	\$ 2,177,164	(607.100)	\$ 31,322,486	\$_6151,322	\$_37,473,808

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# FAR EASTERN DEPARTMENT STORES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

CARLELOWS EDOM ODED ATEMS A CTIMITUS		2023		2022	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before income tax	\$	5,173,566	\$	3,508,560	
Adjustments for:	Ф	3,173,300	Ф	3,308,300	
Depreciation expense		5,134,806		5,534,369	
Amortization expense		60,787		70,246	
Expected credit gain recognized on receivables		3,437		212,589	
(Gain) loss on financial assets and liabilities at fair value		5,157		212,307	
through profit or loss		(10,534)		8,510	
Finance costs		962,332		869,978	
Interest income		(187,036)		(92,888)	
Dividend income		(257,872)		(357,816)	
Share of (profit) loss of associates accounted for using the		(207,072)		(557,615)	
equity method		(123,200)		170,711	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		50,676		14,660	
Loss on disposal of intangible assets		_		1,090	
Gain on lease modifications		(1,288)		-	
Loss (gain) on disposal of investments		59,989		(3,266)	
Impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss) on property,		,		( ) /	
plant and equipment		4,046		(64,393)	
Impairment loss recognized on right-of-use assets		120,343		432,343	
Unrealized gain on physical and slow-moving inventories		(22,058)		(10,271)	
(Gain) loss on changes in fair value of investment properties		(49,134)		8,083	
Amortization of prepayments		5,579		36,100	
Concession on lease liabilities		, -		(149,877)	
(Reversal) recognized of unrealized purchase discounts		(898)		917	
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		,			
Increase in financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair					
value through profit or loss		213,219		144,644	
Notes receivable		(178)		200	
Trade receivables		(70,141)		16,261	
Trade receivables from related parties		33,832		17,999	
Other receivables		(34,326)		(14,790)	
Inventories		288,223		77,683	
Prepayments		(23,055)		(32,298)	
Other current assets		6,791		3,952	
Contract liabilities - current		(664,527)		619,955	
Notes payable		(2,020)		(2,330)	
Trade payables		973,941		243,741	
Trade payables to related parties		(13,637)		20,462	
Other payables		295,628		89,027	
Advance receipts		65,665		167,831	
Other current liabilities		19,047		124	
Net defined benefit assets		(97,424)		(88,560)	
Net defined benefit liabilities		(133,349)		(18,158)	
Cash generated from operations		11,781,230		11,435,388	
Dividends received		339,924		508,921	
				(Continued)	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2023	2022
Interest paid	\$ (890,727)	\$ (772,109)
Interest received	202,087	92,081
Income tax returned	165	214
Income tax paid	<u>(709,418</u> )	(585,121)
Net cash generated from operating activities	_10,723,261	10,679,374
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other		
comprehensive income	(8,975)	(539,724)
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at fair value through other		
comprehensive income	22,943	45,134
Purchase of financial assets amortized at cost	(5,169,042)	(5,580,738)
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at amortized cost	5,603,574	4,557,744
Proceeds from sale of investments accounted for using the equity		
method	46,222	-
Decrease in prepaid long-term investments	123,872	-
Net cash outflow on disposal of subsidiary	(405,484)	-
Proceeds from capital reduction of associates	1,064,135	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment and increase in		
prepayment for equipment	(1,871,284)	(1,480,356)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,847	148
Payments for intangible assets	(35,859)	(56,385)
Acquisition of right-of-use assets	(4,450)	(383,089)
Acquisition of investment properties	(2,605)	(1,096)
Increase in other non-current assets	-	(134,260)
Decrease in other non-current assets	27,693	<del>-</del>
Net cash used in investing activities	(607,413)	(3,572,622)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	99,972,968	115,930,553
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(101,922,033)	(112,170,593)
Proceeds from short-term bills payable	12,686,113	19,553,794
Repayments of short-term bills payable	(12,590,440)	(21,153,655)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	129,180,160	109,760,279
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(124,950,000)	(116,500,000)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(2,864,372)	(2,969,151)
Decrease in other non-current liabilities	(47,160)	(10,364)
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	(1,556,870)	(1,273,077)
Acquired equity in subsidiaries	(4,498,463)	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(797,574)	(554,934)
Net cash used in financing activities	(7,387,671)	(9,387,148)
		(Continued)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2023	2022
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u>\$ (25,148)</u>	\$ 2,986
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,703,029	(2,277,410)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	<u>17,254,680</u>	19,532,090
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 19,957,709</u>	<u>\$ 17,254,680</u>

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Far Eastern Department Stores, Ltd.

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Far Eastern Department Stores, Ltd. (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 is stated as follows:

# Assessment of impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

The department store and hypermarket industries in which the Company is engaged in are highly competitive. Due to the rising threat from external competition, some of our cash-generating units have been in the red in recent years. Management estimates and makes judgments about the expected future economic benefits and recoverable amounts of the assets of the cash-generating units in accordance with IAS 36, "Impairment of Assets," in order to assess whether they are impaired. The assessment of impairment of the Company's property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets is considered to be a key audit matter for the current year because of the high percentage of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets in the total assets of the cash-generating units, which is material to the financial statements as a whole. Thus, we considered the evaluation of impairment loss of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as a key audit matter. For the accounting policy related to the impairment loss of the property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets, refer to Notes 4 (k), 5, 12, and 13 to the accompanying financial statements.

The key audit procedures that we performed in respect of the impairment loss of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are as follows:

- 1. We obtained an assessment of impairment of assets for each cash-generating unit as assessed by management.
- 2. We assessed the reasonableness of the assumptions and methods used in the valuation.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chih-Ming Shao and Kuo-Ning Huang.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

March 1, 2024

### Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	***		2022		
ASSETS	2023 Amount	%	2022 Amount %		
AUGUIQ	Amount	70	Amount	70	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,091,483	3	\$ 838,566	1	
Financial assets at amortized cost - current Trade receivables	25,808	-	25,600 525,632	- :	
Trade receivables from related parties	522,543 63,272	]	323,632 86,973	I -	
Other receivables	99,806	_	102,064		
Inventories	381,678	-	353,112	1	
Prepayments	259,772	-	262,890	-	
Other current assets	<u>8,618</u>		<u>8,134</u>		
Total current assets	3,452,980	4	2,202,971	3	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	2,804,362	4	2,793,214	4	
Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current	-	•	200	-	
Investments accounted for using the equity method	25,223,508	31	22,573,000	29	
Property, plant and equipment	16,700,292	21	17,083,127	22	
Right-of-use assets Investment properties	21,802,795 9,098,310	27 11	22,963,693 9,018,266	29 12	
Intangible assets	49,891	- 11	60,986	12	
Deferred tax assets	91,173	-	87,144		
Net defined benefit assets	501,684	1	283,748		
Other non-current assets	648,533		562,391	<u> </u>	
Total non-current assets	76,920,548	96	75,425,769	<u>97</u>	
TOTAL	\$_80,373,528	_100	\$ 77,628,740	_100	
	,				
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Short-term borrowings	\$ 6,650,000	8	\$ 8,500,000	11	
Short-term bills payable	859,853	1	599,932	1	
Contract liabilities	3,837,202	5	4,076,038	5	
Trade payables	5,999,059	8	4,707,626	6	
Trade payables to related parties	70,403	-	53,419	•	
Other payables	1,622,292	2	1,703,701	2	
Current tax liabilities Lease liabilities	297,755	- 1	180,160	- 1	
Advance receipts	870,027 252,195	1	950,111 265,297	1	
Current portion of long-term borrowings	480,000	1	950,000	1	
Other current liabilities	184,497	<u></u>	166,546	<u>:</u>	
Total current liabilities	21,123,283	26	22,152,830	28	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Long-term borrowings	13,700,000	17	9,100,000	12	
Deferred tax liabilities	2,180,925	3	2,155,083	3	
Lease liabilities	11,945,716	15	12,595,824	16	
Other non-current liabilities	101,118		85,460	<u></u>	
Total non-current liabilities	27,927,759	35	23,936,367	31	
Total liabilities	49,051,042	61	46,089,197	59	
EQUITY					
Share capital					
Ordinary shares	14,169,406	18	14,169,406	18	
Capital surplus	3,343,595	4	3,341,024	4	
Retained earnings	<del></del>				
Legal reserve	3,930,366	5	3,729,018	5	
Special reserve	2,648,051	3	2,657,978	3	
Unappropriated earnings	2,086,045	3	2,798,561	4	
Total retained earnings	<u>8,664,462</u>	11	9,185,557	12	
Other equity Treasury shares	<u>5,242,133</u> (97,110)	6	4,940,666 (97,110)		
			, , , , , , , ,	<del></del>	
Total equity	31,322,486	39	31,539,543	<u>41</u>	
TOTAL	\$ 80,373,528	100	\$ 77,628,740	<u>100</u>	

# STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2023		2022	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 11,628,628	100	\$ 11,287,323	100
OPERATING COSTS	3,579,943	_31	3,665,034	_32
GROSS PROFIT	8,048,685	<u>69</u>	7,622,289	_68
OPERATING EXPENSES Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses Expected credit loss	360,276 4,907,252 199	3 42 —-	398,555 4,794,877	4 42 
Total operating expenses	<u>5,267,727</u>	<u>45</u>	5,193,432	<u>46</u>
OPERATING PROFIT	2,780,958	_24	2,428,857	_22
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of profit of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method  Total non-operating income and expenses	406 143,541 124,260 (546,934) 630,225 351,498	1 1 (5) <u>6</u> <u>3</u>	165 201,628 (181,610) (473,255) <u>264,276</u> (188,796)	2 (2) (4) —2 —(2)
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	3,132,456	27	2,240,061	20
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	380,153	3	309,887	3
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	2,752,303	_24	1,930,174	<u>17</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	120,634 9,380	I -	45,616 (110,721)	- (1) Continue

(Continued)

# STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2023		2022		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries and associates accounted for					
using the equity method Income tax relating to items that will not be	\$ 196,522	1	\$ (31,751)	-	
reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(24,126) 302,410	<u>-</u> 2	(9,123) (105,979)	<u></u> (1)	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries and associates accounted for		<u></u> 2	(100,717)	_(1)	
using the equity method	<u>834</u> 834	<u></u>	(58,077) (58,077)	<u> </u>	
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	303,244	2	(164,056)	(1)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 3,055,547</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>\$ 1,766,118</u>	<u>16</u>	
EARNINGS PER SHARE, NT\$ Basic Diluted	\$ 1.95 \$ 1.95		\$ 1.37 \$ 1.37		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Concluded)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Retained Earnings		Exchange Differences on Translating the Financial Statements of	Other Equity Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through			
	Share Capital	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Foreign Operations	Comprehensive Income	Gain on Property Revaluation	Treasury Shares	Total Equily
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2022	\$ 14,169,406	\$ 3,340,982	\$ 3,611,319	\$ 2,619,569	\$ 2,216,433	\$ 65,935	\$ 2,944,932	\$ 2,177,164	\$ (97,110)	\$ 31,048,630
Appropriation of 2021 carnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends		• • • •	117,699	38,409	(117,699) (38,409) (1,275,247)		:	, , ,		. (1,275,247)
			117,699	38,409	(1,431,355)				"	(1,275,247)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2022	•	•	•	•	1,930,174	•	•	1	•	1,930,174
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022, net of income tax		"			87,848	(10,169)	(241,735)	1		(164,056)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022			•		2,018,022	(10,169)	(241,735)			1,766,118
Changes in capital surplus from investments in subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method		42	"]							42
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income by associates				• 7	(4,539)	1	4,539	ľ		
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022	14,169,406	3,341,024	3,729,018	2,657,978	2,798,561	55,766	2,707,736	2,177,164	(97,110)	31,539,543
Appropriation of 2022 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends	1 1 (		201,348	- (9,927)	(201,348) 9,927 (1,558,635)		• • •		, , ,	-
			201,348	(9,927)	(1,750,056)					(1,558,635)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2023	,	•	•	•	2,752,303	•	•	•	•	2,752,303
Other comprehensive income (toss) for the year ended December 31, 2023, net of income tax			1		75,130	(2,260)	230,374	•	Ϊ	303,244
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023					2,827,433	(2,260)	230,374			3,055,547
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired			•		(1,815,989)	44,910	54,589			(1,716,490)
Changes in capital surplus from investments in subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method		2,571			2,478	(50)	(2,478)			2,521
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income by associates				1	23,618		(23,618)		'	
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023  The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements	\$ 14,169,406	\$ 3343,595	\$ 3,930,366	\$_2,648,051	\$ 2,086,045	\$ 98,366	\$ 2,966,603	\$ 2,177,164	(97,110)	\$ 31,322,486

# FAR EASTERN DEPARTMENT STORES, LTD. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(III I Mouse and O I (O) I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				
CACH ELOWE EDOM ODED ATDIC ACTIVITIES		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before income tax	\$	2 122 456	\$	2 240 061
Adjustments for:	Ф	3,132,456	Ф	2,240,061
Depreciation expense		1,830,345		1,907,923
Amortization expense		26,351		30,298
Expected credit loss recognized on receivables		199		190,000
Amortization of prepayments		1,963		525
Finance costs		546,934		473,255
Share of profit of subsidiaries and associates accounted for		540,754		773,233
using the equity method		(630,225)		(264,276)
Interest income		(406)		(204,270) $(165)$
Dividend income		(143,541)		(201,628)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		38,111		10,486
Loss on disposal of investment properties		94		538
Profit from lease modification		(2,277)		330
(Gain) Loss on changes in fair value of investment properties		(77,022)		50,970
Concession on lease liabilities		(11,022)		(54,625)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		_		(34,023)
Trade receivables		2,890		30,471
Trade receivables from related parties		23,701		5,013
Other receivables		19,112		(11,919)
Inventories		(28,566)		53,481
Prepayments		3,118		(26,086)
Other current assets		(484)		552
Contract liabilities		(238,836)		137,178
Notes payable and trade payables		1,291,433		470,202
Trade payables from related parties		16,984		2,790
Other payables		24,982		176,744
Advance receipts		73,477		159,053
Other current liabilities		17,951		6,533
Net defined benefit assets		(97,302)		
	_	5,831,442		(41,431) 5,345,943
Cash generated from operations		(530,162)		(438,350)
Interest paid Interest received		406		163
Dividends received		517,800		689,340
		•		•
Income tax paid	_	(264,871)		(224,474)
Net cash generated from operating activities		5,554,615	_	5,372,622
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income		(1,768)		_
Purchase of financial assets at amortized cost		(25,808)		(25,800)
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at amortized cost		25,800		25,508
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity		25,500		20,000
method		(4,500,000)		(1,800,000)
		ŕ	(C	ontinued)

(Continued)

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2023	2022
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method	\$ 17,206	\$ -
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments accounted for	500 717	
using equity method  Payments for property, plant and equipment	589,717	(502.424)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	(653,948) 251	(502,424) 60
Payments for intangible assets	(11,497)	(23,813)
Acquisition of right-of-use assets	(419)	(41,681)
Payments for investment properties	(3,116)	(2,194)
Increase in other non-current assets	<u>(9,465</u> )	(37,932)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,573,047)	(2,408,276)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	39,200,000	63,370,000
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(41,050,000)	(59,670,000)
Proceeds from short-term bills payable	2,349,114	7,546,731
Repayments of short-term bills payable	(2,089,193)	(8,496,314)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	128,680,000	111,000,280
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(124,550,000)	(114,900,000)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(704,436)	(670,801)
(Decrease) increase in other non-current liabilities	(7,092)	2,040
Dividends paid	(1,557,044)	(1,273,077)
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities	271,349	(3,091,141)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,252,917	(126,795)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	838,566	<u>965,361</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 2,091,483</u>	<u>\$ 838,566</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. (Concluded)

# Audit Committee's review report for 2023 business report and financial statements.

# 1. Audit Committee's Review Report

To the 2023 General Shareholders Meeting of Far Eastern Department Stores Ltd., In accordance with Article 14-4 of Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Law, we have examined the Business Report, the Resolution for Distribution of Profit, and Financial Statements which had been certified by Deloitte & Touche, submitted by the Board of Directors for the year ending 2023 and found them in order.

The Convener of the Audit Committee: Edward Yung Do Way

May 8, 2024